THE WEATHER

Fair Tuesday and probably Wednesday.

WILMINGTON
THE MORNING STAR

OPPORTUNITY BECKONS.

Opportunity waits for a look from your eyes every morning in The Star's Business Locals.

VOL. XCVI—NO. 1. WILMINGTON, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, MARCH 23, 1915 WHOLE NUMBER 39,147

AUSTRIAN FORTRESS OF PRZEMYSL SURRENDERS TO RUSSIAN FORCES

Ending of the Long Siege Considered of Great Importance.

FATE WAS INEVITABLE

New Russian Advance Toward Cracow Expected as the Next Development.

THE GARRISON STARVING

Russia Now in Control of Eastern Galicia—All Horses in Fortress Eaten by Men.

Petrograd, March 22, via London—The Austrian garrison of Przemysl capitulated to the Russian army today without a fight.

The hoisting of the white flag over the fortress caused little surprise. It was generally known that the defenders were in a terribly weakened condition, without food or ammunition, and their endurance was only a question of days.

War office advices report that nine Austrian generals, more than 300 officers and 50,000 men surrendered.

The Russian general commanding the investing army has been decorated with St. George's cross.

A heavy snow failed to check the enthusiastic demonstrations in which the civilian and military population here united when the fall of Przemysl was announced. Crowds, floundering in deep drifts, cheered the officers and soldiers who remained to participate in the celebrations.

From the Kasean cathedral, the strains of the national anthem swelled in volume as the crowd gathered, and from other points throughout the city, mysteriously hidden behind the dense curtain of falling snow, music burst forth and added to the general spirit of enthusiasm.

The moral effect of the victory on Russia, it is expected, will be very great, awakening hopes that this will be the turning point i the Galician and Carpathian campaigns.

Nothing since the capture of Lemberg and the victorious sweep of the Russian army through Galicia in the beginning of the war has aroused an equal degree of enthusiasm. Newspaper offices and army headquarters were bombarded with telephone inquiries, while crowds stood in a pelting snow storm before the bulletin boards.

The fate of the fortress has been inevitable since the failure of the last Austrian drive from the southward for its relief. There have been daily evidences of a shortage of provisions and reports of the ravages of disease reached the besiegers from time to time. Gradually the lines about the city were drawn tighter, until within the last fortnight, Russian riflemen were within range of the outer works. Russian artillery pounded the forts ceaselessly.

Numbered 60,000 to 80,000 Men.

The Austrian sortie of last Saturday was preceded by such an extravagant use of ammunition by the artillery as to leave the impression that the besieged army was at the end of its resources and desired to consume the remainder of its ammunition prior to surrendering.

Although Przemysl had been eliminated as a positive menace to the Russian troops operating in Galicia since it was isolated and surrounded early in October, it always had been a potential source of danger. Many stubborn battles have been fought by the besiegers with portions of the garrison which attempted to break through the invading lines to join relief columns which on some occasions pushed to within 25 miles of the city.

It is believed here that the next important development in Galicia will be a new Russian advance toward Cracow, the Austrians having been virtually driven out of the territory as far southward as the Carpathians.

The garrison of Przemysl originally numbered 60,000 or 80,000 men, but sores and shells must have cut a con-

(Continued on Page Eight.)

PETROGRAD, LONDON AND PARIS ELEBRATE FALL OF ALICIAN GARRISON

WASHINGTON, D. C. Library of Congress.

English Newspa ssert Surrender of Przemysl Marks Most Important C e of the War—Moral Effect Will be Tremendous—Italian Situation Receiving Attention, Though She Has Not Declared War

London, March 22.—The long investment of the mid-Galician fortress of Przemysl has ended. Depleted by disease, subsisting on horse flesh and surrounded by a superior force of Russians, the garrison has surrendered to the besieging army after a defense lasting many months, which up to the present is recorded as Austria's most noteworthy contribution to the war.

Petrograd, London and Paris are celebrating the event tonight—Petrograd and Paris in the spontaneous manner characteristic of those cities—London with silent and grim satisfaction, which is the British way.

The newspapers assert that the fall of the fortress marks the most important capture of the war, not excepting Antwerp, in that it not only releases considerable Russian forces which can be thrown into the fluctuating struggle in the Carpathians, but opens the door to Cracow and the plains of Hungary.

Moral Effect Tremendous.

It is argued, too, that the moral effect of the surrender will be tremendous, the Allies, declaring it will stimulate feeling in their favor both in Roumania and Bulgaria, just as the operations in the Dardanelles are causing an agitation in Greece and Italy.

The Italian situation is receiving attention, although rumors rather than facts seem to be the basis of most of the news dispatched. The Italian embassy at London had no confirmation tonight of the report that freight tfaffic between Italy and Germany by way of Switzerland had been stopped, nor was there confirmation of the reported massing of Austrian and German troops along the Austrian litteral, or the assembling of artillery at Triest.

Przemysl Fell With Honor.

Przemysl fell with honor, the British press concedes, for it withstood the onslaughts longer than any place during the war, the investment having begun about September 16, something more than six months ago. The duration of the siege, compared with the length of time it took the Germans to capture such strongholds as Liege, Namur and Antwerp, was due to two causes, one being the desire of the Russians to keep the loss of life among the besieging army at a minimum, the other to the lack of great guns which the Germans had in Belgium.

The investment was not a close one, the garrison having had up until recently a radius of about 12 miles in which to move about and some dispatches told of shooting expeditions indulged in by the officers of the garrison.

Nothing New in West.

Nothing of great importance has been recorded overnight in the West. In the East, aside from the fall of Przemysl the situation around the German port of Memel is the most interesting. From this town the Germans maintain they have driven the Russians, while a controversy is being waged by the press of the two countries as to the merits of the Russian conteitno that civilians fired on them in this latest incursion in East Russia—an act which demanded reprisals.

There is no late news from the Dardanelles and the belief in England seems to be that the operations perhaps will be more protracted than at first expected.

OFFICIAL FROM PETROGRAD.

Statement Reviews Developments Elsewhere Than at Przemysl.

Petrograd, via London, March 22.—The following official statement from general headquarters was issued tonight:

"From Memel (East Prussia) to the Vistula, and on the left bank of the Vistula there has been no change. Russian troops which advanced from Tauroggen, occupied Laugszargen after an engagement, capturing prisoners and engineering stores.

"In the Carpathians, stubborn fighting is taking place on the roads towards Bartfeld in the valleys of the Ondawa and Laborcza rivers, near Lupkow Pass and on the left bank of the upper San.

"The Russians have made successful advances. During the last 24 hours we have captured 2,500 men, 50 officers and 20 machine guns. In the direction of Nunkacz, the Germans in dense formation attacked the Russian positions at Rossokhazc, Orawchik and Kosluwkawa, but were everywhere repulsed, suffering heavy losses.

"In consequence of the joyful event of the surrender of the fortress of Przemysl the generalissimo, Grand Duke Nicholas, has been awarded the St. George's cross of the second degree and the commander of the army before Przemysl, General Seliwamoff, the St. George's cross of the third degree."

PARIS OFFICIAL STATEMENT.

French Review of War Developments of Sunday and Monday.

Paris, March 22, via London—The official statement given out today by the War Department says:

"To the north of Arras, at Notre Dame de Lorette, a German counter attack on Saturday evening deprived us of some sections of trenches. We recaptured them yesterday.

"At LaBoiselle, northeast of Albert, mine warfare continues. After having blown up one of the enemy's galleries, we occupied the greater part of the pit formed.

"During Sunday Rheims received about fifty shells.

"In the Argonne we inflicted two serious reverses on the enemy. Near Bagatelle we blew up three mines and two companies of our troops stormed a German trench in which they maintained their positions despite strong counter attacks. Five hundred yards from there the enemy after exploding two mines and bombarding our trenches, rushed to attack on a front of about 250 yards. After some very hot hand-to-hand fighting our assailants were hurled back, despite the arrival of their reinforcements. Our artillery caught them under its fire as they were falling back and inflicted very heavy losses on them."

The following official war office statement was issued tonight:

"On the plateau of Notre Dame de Lorette, we hold all the trenches which have been in dispute during the last few days except one portion ten metres in extent, which remains in the hands of the Germans.

"At Les Eparges the enemy delivered five counter attacks with the object of recovering positions won by us but was completely defeated.

"We have made progress to the north of Badonviller."

BY WIRELESS FROM BERLIN

German Official Statement Tells of Successes Against Enemy.

Berlin, March 22, (by Wireless).—An official statement given out today by the German army headquarters says:

"A fresh attempt to take the German positions on the south slope of the Lorette Heights was made last night, but resulted in a failure. Another French night attack, this time north of Lemenenil in the Champagne district, also was without success. Furthermore all the French efforts to win back the position at Reich Ackerkopf resulted in failure.

"The Russians yesterday were driven from Memel on the Baltic sea, in East Prussia, after a short engagement to the south of the town followed by tenacious fighting in the streets. Under the protection of Russian troops a Russian mob looted the private property of German citizens in Memel. Carloads of goods were conveyed across the frontier. A special report on this looting will be published.

"North of Marian pol Russian attacks have been repulsed with heavy Russian losses. West of the Orzyc river near Jadnorosak, to the Northeast of Przasnysz, and to the northeast of Ciachanow Russian attacks by night and by day have broken down under the German fire. Russian prisoners to the number of 420 were captured."

NEW POSTMASTERS NAMED.

Several in the Sixth District; One at Wilkesboro.

Washington, D. C., March 22.—Wilkesboro having become a Presidential office, effective April 1st, Representative Page recommended for appointment Norman O. Smoak as postmaster at that place. Smoak is the present postmaster, having been appointed as a fourth-class man some time ago.

Representative Godwin has named the following fourth-class postmasters: Wananish, Jesse K. Council; Supply, Mrs. Lizzie Galloway; Dublin, Wm. F. McNeill; Pates, Victor McArthur Bond; Shallotte, Geo. T. Rourk. P. R. A.

PARIS RECEIVES WARNING OF ZEPPELIN RAID

Paris, March 22. — Paris received warning tonight of another impending Zeppelin raid, but up to nearly midnight no hostile air craft had made its appearance.

Weather conditions were unfavorable for a raid. It rained steadily and at times a strong south wind blew.

As on Sunday morning, the city was notified quickly, and almost immediately the capitol was in absolute darkness. Curiosity again seized the residents, and all eyes were turned toward the sky. The warning of the authorities of the possible danger to those who remained in the streets was ignored. Groups of persons gathered in front of the restaurants and cafes, in doorways, in windows and on balconies, while others sought vantage points in the open places and on the roofs.

WILSON PREPARING NOTE ON BLOCKADE

Soon to be Sent to Great Britain and France.

U. S. POSITION IN 1863

Subject of Popular Misconception—Decisions of Federal Supreme Court in Civil War Cases Cited in Official Circles.

Washington, March 22.—President Wilson had under consideration today the draft of a note to be sent to Great Britain and France presenting the views of the United States on the blockade of commerce between Germany and neutral countries. It was stated officially that the communication would go forward within a few days. No statement as to its character was made, though in well informed quarters it was understood that strong objections would be voiced.

Some officials indicated that the attitude of the United States would be the same as that during the Civil War. They suggested that since the recent exchange of notes with Great Britain there had been a popular misconception as to the position of the Washington government in 1863. It was said that the attitude of the United States on the doctrine of "continuous voyage" had been best expressed in the cases of the British vessels Springbok and Peterhoff, which were captured and taken into prize courts.

The Springbok was seized while en route from England to a British port in the Bahamas. She was laden with gunpowder and army supplies. The Supreme Court of the United States, to which the case was appealed, ruled that the apparent destination of the vessel was the Confederate States and the fact that the vessel was to call at the Bahamas did not alter the continuity of her voyage. The court held that vessels which could be proved to be intending to violate a blockade could be intercepted at any stage in their voyage.

More Like "Matamoras Case."

In the case of the Peterhoff and others, known as the "Matamoras cases," however, a ruling was made on an entirely different set of circumstances, constituting, in the view of officials here, almost an exact parallel with the situation today with respect to commerce between the United States and Holland or other countries contiguous to those at war. The Peterhoff was captured when en route from England to Matamoras, Mexico, and her cargo was condemned by a prize court.

When the case was appealed to the Supreme Court, Chief Justice Chase ruled that the mouth of the Rio Grande was not included in the blockade of the ports of the Confederate States and that neutral commerce with Matamoras, except in contraband, was entirely free, even though there was intent tot supply goods to Texas.

The chief justice held that "neutral trade to or from a blockaded country by international navigation or transportation is lawful.

This position, officials indicated, might be referred to in the forthcoming American communication to Great Britain and France who have declared through the order in council their intention of detaining "all commerce", whether in contraband of non-contraband.

CHARGED WITH ATTEMPT TO COMMIT CRIMINAL ASSAULT

White Man of Camden County Charged With Wronging 14-Year-old Girl.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Elizabeth City, N. C., March 22.—Caleb Forbes, white, of Camden county, near South Mills, was tried at Camden court house today in the recorder's court, before S. S. Overby, on a charge of attempted criminal assault upon the 14-year-old daughter of Mr. Walter Aydlett, also of South Mills section. Forbes was bound over to the next term of Superior court.

The alleged assault occurred over a week ago. The case was heard before a local magistrate who dismissed the defendant with a fine of $5. Learning that the magistrate had no jurisdiction in such cases, the girl's father swore out a warrant against Forbes and retained W. L. Small, of this city, to prosecute the case. This led to the trial at Camden today.

The night before the alleged assault occurred, the girl had spent in Forbe's home. Forbes, a man of 36 and married, half inebriated, was taking the girl home. Reaching a secluded part of the road, he drove the horse into the woods, according to the girl's story on the stand, but was prevented from carrying out his designs by the horse, which became so restless than the man had to release the girl to attend to the animal. She succeeded in eluding him then, finding refuge in a negro home not far distant. Forbes admits he was under the influence of liquor, and possibly indiscreet, but denies criminal intent. Much feeling in Camden county has been aroused.

ON SISAL HEMP SUPPLY

Secretary Bryan and British Ambassador Hold Conference.

Washington, March 22.—Secretary Bryan and Sir Cecil Spring-Rice, the British ambassador, conferred today over a danger menacing the Yucatan sisal hemp supply from which must come the twine to bind this year's crop of wheat in the United States and Canada. Early in the day both Secretary Bryan and the ambassador had received a committee of Yucatan who said that Carranza officials at Progreso were burning stores of sisal and threatening growers and shippers with heavy taxation because of their refusal to accept a Carranza governor.

OTHERS LYING TO KEEP UP COURAGE

"We Don't Have to Do That" Says "Semi-Official" Turk.

EXTREMELY OPTIMISTIC

Associated Press Correspondent Threatened With Death if He Reveal Name of Man Who Makes Statement.

Constantinople, March 22.—Thursday, February 18 (Correspondence of Associated Press)—"If you mention my name in connection with what I have told you I will apply our military law and have you shot. Your promise not to do so may be all right, but we don't trust reporters and editors any more. They have lied too much. And let me assure you that if you use my name the protection of your embassy will not help you. The Turkish army has nothing to conceal, but it does not want to be lied about."

This was the admonitory conclusion of a statement obtained by a correspondent of the Associated Press, from a man who would only permit that as authority a "semi-official source be given.

His statement in part follows:

"The position and condition of the Turkish army in the Caucasus is excellent. We do not expect that the decision of the European war is to take place in the Caucasus. Our operations there have primarily the purpose of obliging the Russians to keep a large force there in order to ease our allies in Poland and Galicia. Some of the Russian companies in the Caucasus have dwindled down to 25 men instead of 250. We recently wiped out a Russian regiment so completely that funeral services had to be held for the entire organization. There was not a man left.

"The crossing of the Suez canal three months ago by a battalion of Turkish infantry demonstrated that the water is no obstacle to us. We don't intend forcing operations against Egypt just now. Supply conditions do not allow a general offensive for the time being. The railroad which will serve to make communications through the 200 kilometers and of desert easy, will be completed soon. I cannot tell you where that railroad is being built. Our forces are advancing as fast as is feasible—one army along the coast of the Mediterranean, another along the Gulf of Suez and the third in the center.

"We have no trouble feeding our men in the field. In the Caucasus we have not always been able to give them enough bread, but the meat supplies in that region are so plentiful that we have made up the rations in that way. There has been no difficulty supplying our troops in the South with food, though the scarcity of water there has been somewhat of a

(Continued on Page Six.)

TO REQUEST GERMANY TO MAKE REPARATION

For the Sinking of the American Ship W. P. Frye.

State Department Has Gathered Virtually All Data to be Presented—No Word Has Been Received from German Capital.

Washington, March 22. — State Department officials have gathered virtually all data, preparatory to requesting Germany to make reparation for the sinking of the American ship William P. Frye by the Prinz Eitel Friederich.

No word has been received from the Berlin government concerning the case, it was said, and the note setting forth the views of the Washington government probably will be sent within a few days. The papers signed by the Frye's owners before the vessel left Seattle, Wash., reached the treasury department late today, and were transmitted to the State Department. It is understood they bear out published reports that the cargo was consigned to order at Queenstown, Ireland, and don't show any subsequent call to an English lrm.

The American complaint will be that there was no proof that the food-stuffs were destined to the belligerent forces of Great Britain. The general belief is that the German government will make reparation for the loss of ship and cargo, and that the incident will be closed shortly.

Pays Social Call.

Newport News, Va., March 22.—Capt. Max Thierichens, of the German cruiser Printz Eitel Friedrich, today paid official visits to Collector of Customs Hamilton here and Colonel Haynes, commandant of Fort Monroe. The visit was rather in the nature of a social call, said the collector. At the fort the German captein was the guest of the commandant at luncheon and later witnessed a special dress parade. Sunday the officers of the German warship accompanied by an officer of the United States army and the members of the crew, accompanied by a noncommissioned officer came from Fort Morroe, were allowed to come ashore and visit Newport News and other points of interest on the Virginia peninsula.

FORCES MASSING IN NORTHERN MEXICO

Most Decisive Battle Since Huerta is Indicated

AMERICAN IS EXECUTED

Soldier of Fortune Meets Same Fate as a Villa Commander, at Hands of Carranza Forces—Obregon Turns Up for Carranza.

Washington, March 22. — Reports to the State Department and to the Mexican agencies here today, continued to indicate that Villa and Carranza forces are massing near the coast in Northern Mexico for what may be the most decisive battle fought since Huerta was overthrown.

Advices to the State Department from Tampico, dated March 19, said the Carranza forces were "retreating to Victoria and that the Villa forces were marching on Victoria."

This was thought to mean that at least a considerable part of the Tampico garrison had marched inland to join the army assembling to meet the oncoming Villa troops. The same dispatch said it was reported that in Tampico now were approximately 2,500 Americans, 300 British subjects, 50 Italians, 50 French, 2,000 Spaniards and 3,000 Chinese.

A report to the department from Laredo dated March 20, indicated that a large Villa force was on its way to attack Nuevo Laredo. Matamoras, it was said, was being attacked and Camargo was burning. Other reports told of an outbreak of black smallpox in Campeche, of the killing and theft of livestock by looters in the vicinity of San Carlos, Coahuila, and other robbing of stores in Guaymas by a mob which resented the refusal of Chinamen to accept flat money. The governor, the dispatch said, had ordered one hundred soldiers to Guaymas, to punish the mob leaders.

The Villa agency made public reports that General Chao, leading the Southern division of the campaign against Tampico, and that the vanguard of the Villa army operating against Matamoras had reached Reynesa, sixty miles from Matamoras. The civil population, it was said, was fleeing from Matamoras to Brownsville, Texas.

American Executed.

Douglas, Ariz., March 22.—Henry Carlson, an American soldier of fortune, and Colonel Revera Dominguez, a Villa commander, it is reported here, were executed after a battle Friday which resulted in the capture of Cumpas, Sonoro, by a Carranza force.

Villa forces are said to be marching northward from Nacozari and massing along the frontier ostensibly to besiege Agua Prieta.

"You can purchase at market rates, the arms and mounts of your scouting party of ten men which we captured this morning," was a telephone message sent by Villa followers to General Elias Calles today. The ten soldiers are said to have been executed.

Obregon Turns Up.

Los Angeles, Cal., March 22.—General Alvaro Obregon, whose whereabouts have been a matter of speculation since the evacuation of Mexico City, is closing in the rear of Villa's forces on the Tampico-Monterey line, according to a dispatch from Vera Cruz received at Carranza's consular offices here today. The dispatch, signed "Zabaran" describes Obregon's movements as part of a great strategic plan by which Carranza hopes to surround Villa and Crush him.

Obregon, with 25,000 men, is at San Salvador, the message said.

London, March 23.—A Reuter dispatch from Peking says that 1,000 Japanese troops have arrived at Tsinan, 500 at Fang Tsee, both in Shantung province, and 3,000 each at Mukden and Dalny.

BRYAN AND CHINDA IN PRIVATE CONFERENCE

Both Decline to State Subject They Discussed.

Japanese Embassy Says Prospects Are Brighter for Early Settlement of Negotiations With China. No Cabinet Split.

Washington, March 22.—Viscount Chinda, the Japanese ambassador, called at the State Department late today and conferred with Secretary Bryan for nearly an hour.

Later the ambassador was asked whether he had talked about the Japanese-Chinese situation. "I absolutely cannot discuss the situation at all," he replied. Mr. Bryan was equally as uncommunicative.

Before the conference it was stated at the Japanese embassy that late advices indicated the prospects for an early settlement of the negotiations between Japan and China were brighter.

Earlier in the day President Wilson refused to give any information regarding negotiations between the United States and Japan. Reports of a split in the cabinet over the policy of silence adopted by the administration on the Japanese-China situation were denied at the White House.

BREVITY PROMISED IN CARTER INQUIRY

Judge Alleged to Have Kissed a Mrs. Williams at Beach.

PAYMENT "DUTCH" BET

Took Walk With Stenographer—These Incidents Related Yesterday—Committee Hopes to Finish at Raleigh by Thursday.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 22.—Testimony that Judge Frank Carter was seen by Mrs. Levy Carter to kiss a Mrs. Williams, wife of a Georgia hotel man, on payment of a "Dutch dime" bet that he lost; that Mrs. Parker, of Smithfield, suggested to Miss Frances Dement, court stenographer to the judge, that walks she took with the judge might cause talk, although they seemed wholly free from wrong intent, and details of various court incidents intended by the prosecution to show unjudicial conduct on the bench, were striking features of the first day of the investigation by the legislative committee into the Solicitor Abernethy-Judge Carter contempt case and consequent charges against the moral character of Judge Carter.

There were a number of witnesses examined out of order so that they might get back home, especially notable among these being Major Robert Bingham, of Asheville, who testified that he had known Judge Carter for 25 years and that the character and general reputation of Judge Carter was most excellent in every respect.

The legislative committee has decided to have all the investigation here except that as to the Newbern contempt incident and go from here to Newbern rather than have the great number of witnesses as to this matter brought here. Chairman Doughton, of the committee, hopes to complete the examination of witnesses brought here by Thursday and the Newbern sitting will follow immediately.

The Formal Beginning.

It was nearly 10:30 o'clock, a half hour behind time, when the committee took its place at the Speaker's stand in Representatives Hall and Sheriff Sears, of Wake county, formally declared the committee sitting as a court to conduct the investigation. Hon. R. A. Doughton, as chairman of the committee of seven representatives, occupied the seat in the center of the semicircle with Representatives Grier and Allred, respectively, at his right and left. Others on the right of the chairman were Representatives Dunning and Vann, and on the left, Hutchison and Stacy.

On the right, facing the committee were Judge Carter and his counsel, with Judge Carter and his chief counsel, Judge Manning, in front and just back of them former Governor Kitchin, J. S. Adams, Asheville; Col. P. M.

(Continued on Page Two.)

PAY FOR AMERICAN FOODSTUFFS SEIZED

British Prize Court Orders Payment of $600,000

Owners Cargo of the Wilhelmina Becoming Discouraged by Delay in Action of Prize Court, as to That Vessel.

London, March 22.—The prize court today ordered paid $600,000 on American shipments of flour and wheat detained on board the Norwegian steamers Alfred Nobel, Kim, Bjornstjerne Bjornson, and the Swedish steamer Friedland. So far as known this is the first money paid out by the prize court on American foodstuffs seized.

The owners of the American steamer Wilhelmina's cargo are becoming discouraged over the prize court delay in giving the case a hearing. It now seems unlikely that the case will come up March 29, the date for which it was tentatively set after a previous postponement. A. G. Hayes, attorney for W. L. Green & Co., of St. Louis, owners of the cargo, said tonight:

"The admiralty says it is expediting the Wilhelmina case. Weeks ago we offered to stipulate the facts. Sir Edward Grey, the British foreign secretary in his note of February 20 said the case would be tried "in the due course." If this is due course, prize court procedure is buncombe. It is difficult to avoid suspecting that the case perhaps is being intentionally delayed, so that if the court ultimately decides tnat the foodstuffs may proceed to Germany, they will have rotted in the meantime. An American would find it hard to choose between indiscriminate destruction and regulated capture."

The steamers Alfred Nobel and Bjornstjerne Bjornson loaded with Chicago packing house products have been held in British ports since the middle of November. The Friedland from New York October 28 for Copenhagen with packers' products, was taken into Kirkwall November 10 and the Kim, loaded with foodstuffs, was detained at New Castle December 10.

The Wilhelmina was seized at Falmouth, February 9.

As to the Dacia.

Washington, March 22.—France has conditioned her offer to buy the cotton cargo of the American steamer Da-

(Continued on Page Two.)

AWFUL CONDITIONS IN SERBIA RECITED

Fires Are Needed to Clear Country of Typhus Virmin

SAYS THOMAS LIPTON

Situation Entirely Beyond Control of Present Forces—Met the Sick on Roads Too Weak to Crawl to Hospitals.

London, March 23.—(12:15 a. m.)—"Just as it took fire to stop the great plague in London, so fires are needed to clear Serbia of typhus; infected houses and the clothing of the people must be burned, as the disease is carried by vermin," said Sir Thomas Lipfop tonight in a statement to the Associated Press in which he recounted appalling conditions in Serbia where he has been making personal investigation.

"I met on the coontry roads the sick, too weak to crawl to a hospital. Bullock carts were gathering them up. Often a woman and children were leading bullocks, the husband and father inthe cart, raving with fever. Scarcely enough people remain unstricken to dig graves for the dead, which lie exposed in the cemeteries.

"The situation is entirely beyond the control of the present force, which imperatively needs all the help it can get, tents, hospitals doctors, nurses, modern appliances and clothing to replace the garments full of typhus bearing vermin."

Describing the hospital at Ghevgheli, where Dr. James F. Donelly, of the Red Cross died, he said:

"The place is a village in a barren, uncultivated country, the hospital an old tobacco factory. In it were crowded 1,400 persons without blankets or mattresses or even straw—men lying in the clothes in which they lived in the trenches for months, swarming with vermin. All disease—typhus, typhoid, dysentery and smallpox—were herded together. In such a state, Dr. Donelly found the hospital where he had a force of six American doctors, 12 American nurses and three Serbian doctors.

"When I visited the hospital three American doctors, the three Serbian doctors and nine of the nurses were sick.

"The fumes of reeking wounds and fever were unbearable. The patients objected to the windows being opened and Dr. Donnelly was forced to break the panes.

"The first thing Dr. Donnelly did on his arrival was to test the water which he found infected. He then improvised boilers of oil drums in which to boil water for use. The boilders saved 500 lives, said Dr. Donnelly. He also built ovens in which to boil the clothes of the patients but he was provided with proper sterilizing apparatus."

Sir Thomas calls Dr. Donelly one of the greatest heroes of the war.

"No braver people exist than the Serbians; they have never a word of complaint," said Sir Thomas. "In one ward I saw a fever patient, his magnificent voice booming songs to cheer his comrades. Some were in a delirium.

"One course of infection is the army black bread, which is the only ration of the troops. The patients in the hospital receive daily a loaf, which they put in their bed or pillow. Later the unused loaves are bought by peddlers and are re-sold, spreading disease among the people, who are mediaval as far as sanitation is concerned.

"The street cleaning and hospital waiting are done by Austrians who are rapidly thinning from typhus and other diseases.

"In the best hospital in the Balkans, at Belgrade under Dr. Edward W. Ryan, of the American contingent, there are 2,900 patients. Dr. Ryan kept the hospital neutral during the Austrian occupation and accomplished wonders diplomatically at that time. He is worshipped by the people."

BREVITY PROMISED IN CARTER INQUIRY

(Continued from Page One.)

Pearsall, of Newbern, and J. F. Spainhour, of Morganton.

In the tier of seats to the left of the committee were Solicitor Abernethy and his attorneys, N. J. Rouse, Kinston; T. W. Davis, Wilmington; Jno. D. Langston, Goldsboro.

It is Not a Trial.

There were practically no spectators except witnesses who had been summoned to appear here today. Immediately following the formal opening of the court Representative Vann, of the committee, read the several resolutions that were passed by the House of Representatives providing for and regulating the investigation. There followed a statement by Chairman Doughton in which he declared that the committee was not met to try Judge Carter or Solicitor Abernethy, but to investigate their conduct. He said that counsel for each will be permitted to cross examine witnesses under whatever restrictions the committee may see fit to impose.

In response to an inquiry by Attorney N. J. Rouse, of counsel for Solicitor Abernethy, Chairman Doughton stated that the committee had decided to give a special sitting of the committee in Newbern at a date not yet fixed for the examination of the great number of witnesses there as to the contempt proceeding by Judge Carter against Solicitor Abernethy. This was done, the chairman explained, with a view to keeping down the expenses of the investigation, it being cheaper to go to Newbern than to bring the great number of witnesses there to Raleigh for examination.

Many Witnesses Called.

A large number of witnesses were called and duly sworn as follows: Henry A. Grady, Col. John D. Kerr, I. C. Wright, W. E. Register, A. H. Register, T. F. Stevens, Jamie Hubbard, T. J. Newsome, J. O. Carr, Mrs. Levy Carter, R. G. Grady, John D. Bellamy, Walter P. Byrd, A. M. McLean, K. R. Hoyle, Mrs. J. D. Parker, E. F. Young, R. H. Edwards, M. H. Allen, Dr. William Faison, Solicitor H. E. Norris, B. C. Beckwith, Sheriff J. H. Sears, of Wake; Senator C. M. Muse, Solicitor W. C. Siler and Eldridge Lee.

As to Conduct in Clinton.

The first witness called was Col. Jno. D. Kerr, of Clinton. The witness was questioned by Chairman Doughton, of the committee, and then there were questions permitted by counsel for Judge Carter and Solicitor Abernethy. Colonel Kerr testified that he had appeared as an attorney in Judge Carter's courts a number of times, the last court by Judge Carter in his county having been in 1912. Of his own knowledge he knew nothing of any acts of immoral conduct by Judge Carter and had never observed any acts by the judge that would indicate such a tendency. Asked by Chairman Doughton as to the alleged arbitrary and unbecoming conduct on the bench by Judge Carter, Col. Kerr said that Judge O. H. Allen had caused a box to be placed at the bar in the court room to elevate the witness chair so that the witness could be better observed from all parts of the court room. Judge Carter ordered this box removed by the time for the next court to convene. The sheriff, for some caused, failed to have the box removed and after the court was convened Judge Carter, in an evidently angry manner, ordered the box to be taken out, T. W. Crumpler attempted to take it away and was having trouble in doing so on account of its being nailed down to the four corners and Judge Carter stepped down from the bench and kicked the box over in such way that it struck against Mr. Crumpler, who afterwards informed Col. Kerr that the skin was scraped from his shin by the box as kicked by the judge.

The Baggett Case.

Colonel Kerr told of another occasion when Judge Carter ordered Attorney John E. Fowler to take his seat, doing this in an angry manner. He thought Judge Carter displayed considerable anger on the bench at that time. He told of another incident. In this Judge Allen had ruled that a defendant by the name of Baggett must pay $500 to a co-defendant, together with all the costs in the case and then be discharged subject to good behavior. Later Judge Ferguson declined to interfere with this order of Judge Allen in the case. In the meantime Baggett had procured a warrant charging perjury against a witness in the case. Then Judge Carter, holding Sampson court, cited Baggett to show cause why he should not be adjudged in contempt for procuring this warrant for perjury. Baggett's lawyers believed that there could be no judgment for contempt against their client, but Judge Carter told them if Baggett would pay $1,000 in addition to the fine and costs imposed by Judge Allen he would not put Baggett on the roads, which he insisted he had the right to do. There was talk of an appeal by Baggett's counsel and then Judge Carter warned the counsel that if they appealed they would have to do so against a two years sentence to the roads. In consequence, the witness stated, the case was settled without appeal.

Colonel Kerr said that Judge Carter examined a number of other witnesses in connection with the Baggett case. One was Magistrate Eldridge Lee, who had secured the affidavit from the woman in the Baggett case that her testimoney at the first trial was false. Judge Carter, the witness said, informed Magistrate Lee that he had disgraced his office as a magistrate and ordered him to get off the witness stand. Lee, Colonel Kerr said, was a man of good character.

Colonel Kerr testified that in Kenansville court, during very cold weather, Judge Carter ordered the sheriff to open up the windows when the witness considered such action dangerous to health and comfort.

In a notable case against the Atlantic Coast Line there was motion made for non-suit and Judge Carter suggested to plaintiff's lawyers that they had better submit to non-suit and amend their complaint and this course was taken. He considered this conduct on the part of Judge Carter rather improper. He had personally never had any special disagreement with Judge Carter.

In Swing With Two Women.

Colonel Kerr testified that in Clinton he saw Judge Carter sitting in a swing at the hotel one evening with two women about dusk. Then about 8 o'clock he returned to the hotel and saw the judge and one lady in the swing. He said that nearly all the judges who came to Clinton stopped at this hotel. The swing in which he saw the judge and the ladies would seat four persons. The place was well lighted and the persons in the swing in plain view and there was nothing in the conduct of any of the occupants of the swing to attract attention or criticism. Colonel Kerr asked to be excused from testifying as to the general reputation of the two ladies in the swing with the judge, but, being pressed by Chairman Doughton, said their reputations were not good. He said that prior to her opening this hotel the reputation of Mrs. Williams had been good, especially in that there had been no talk about her. She had been running the hotel seven or eight years. He knew of one visit that Judge Carter paid to Clinton when court was not in session. He was there only a short while.

Cross Examined.

Colonel Kerr was questioned by Judge Manning as counsel for Judge Carter. In reply to questions he detailed the incidents of the Baggett case again and said that Judge Carter had had the girl who testified against Baggett brought into court with her parents, and also, Magistrate Lee. Colonel Kerr said that he thought that Judge Carter should have passed upon the rule of contempt instead of disposing of the case in the way he did, which the witness considered high handed. He said that Judge Carter reprimanded Baggett and the magistrate for taking the affidavit of the girl as they did, the girl testifying to Judge Carter that her original story was true and she had heard that Baggett would prosecute her if she did not testify as he wished her to.

Judge Manning questioned Colonel Kerr as to the "box kicking" incident with a view to showing that in kicking the box Judge Carter was seeking only to assist the sheriff in its removal as it was nailed to the floor. Questioned about Mrs. Williams and her hotel, the witness said that judges, lawyers and the public generally stopped at this hotel as the leading hotel of the place. He had never reflected on the character of Mrs. Williams to any one. Mrs. Williams was about 60 years old and has grandchildren and her daughter, Mrs. Towler, is a widow. They worship at the Presbyterian church, as does Colonel Kerr. It was only since the hotel was opened that Colonel Kerr had heard any reports unfavorable to Mrs. Williams' character. He recalled on the cross examination that it was to hear some injunction matters that Judge Carter had come to Clinton when no open court was to be held.

Eldridge Lee, the magistrate, who is manager of a hardware store in Dunn, testified as to his part in the Baggett case. He said that Judge Carter stood him aside with sharp reprimand without allowing him to make the least bit of explanation. He said he had been a magistrate for 20 years and twice mayor of Dunn.

Mrs. Levy Carter's Story.

The next witness was Mrs. Levy Carter, formerly of Wilmington, but now of Bladen county. She told of an incident in the summer of 1912. She knew Judge Carter at Wrightsville Beach where he was stopping at Hanover Inn. Once about that time he came to her home in Wilmington in company with a Mrs. Williams, who she explained, was not the Mrs. Williams of Clinton, but the wife of a Georgia hotel man. She saw Judge Carter kiss Mrs. Williams on the cheek on losing a "Dutch dime" bet. She said that Judge Carter and Mrs. Williams spent the evening at her home, returning to the hotel about 10 o'clock. She only knew this Mrs. Williams about three months and knew nothing wrong of her and this was the only time she ever visited her home. While the witness was reciting the incident of the kiss on the "Dutch dime" bet, a broad smile spread over Judge Carter's face. She said that this Mrs. Williams was quite an attractive woman, about 30 years old.

Levy Carter followed his wife on the witness stand and testified that he had never observed anything imprudent about Judge Carter in his acquaintance with him at Wilmington and Wrightsville Beach. He said his wife had expressed surprise to him at the "kissing" incident.

The next witness was C. M. Muse, State senator of Carthage, who knew nothing about the case and thought that he must have been summoned through some error as to the name. He thought possibly it was his cousin whom the committee really intended to summon.

Henry A. Grady Testifies.

Henry A. Grady, of Clinton, was next on the stand. He said he had no personal knowledge of any immoral conduct on the part of Judge Carter. He had observed suspicious circumstances at different times. On one occasion he had gone to the hotel to see Judge Carter in the interest of a client of his and found the judge in the parlor with a lady with the door closed. He had observed, he said, that the judge was not fond of lawyers "but walked with ladies both night and day." He recalled that on one occasion the judge came over to Clinton from Kenansville to spend Sunday. He considered the general characters of Mrs. Williams and her daughter, Mrs. Towler, bad. He said Magistrate Lee has a good character and that his conduct in the Baggett incident was perfectly respectful to the court.

Mr. Grady recalled the witness box incident in the Clinton court and said that when Judge Carter noticed that the box had not been removed as he had ordered it to be, he called the sheriff to his desk and said: "Sheriff, I told you to remove that damned box," and that then when the sheriff was attempting to remove it Judge Carter got up and kicked it. He said that Crumpler came to him later and wanted him to bring suit against Judge Carter for the injury he sustained but he would not. He said Crumpler made no manifestation of injury at the time the box was kicked against him and explained that the reason he did not was that he feared Judge Carter would order him to jail. Dr. Holmes had dressed Crumpler's wound for him.

He testified that on one occasion he saw Judge Carter, in a very angry manner, and pointing his finger at the lawyer, order John Fowler to "sit down" in Clinton court. "You sit down, sir," was the exclamation the judge used. He considered that there was nothing in Fowler's conduct or attitude to the court to justify this treatment. On another occasion Mr. Fowler was addressing a jury in a manner that caused objection by Mr. Grady as opposing counsel and he asked Judge Carter to stop him, the judge declining to do so. Later the same sort of objectionable "testimony argument" as Mr. Grady termed it, was being made by Mr. Fowler and he approached Judge Carter on the bench and told him in an undertone, so as not to bother Fowler unless the judge would stop him, that he must insist on Fawler being stopped or on an exception to the ruling of the judge. He said Judge Carter stormed out at him as attempting to intimidate the court and that if he had anything to say to the court to stand up in open court and say it like a man, at the same time commanding him to take his sea. He said he walked around to the ante-room and sat down. He insisted that he has no feeling in the matter, although he feels that Judge Carter treated his "dirty" in the matter.

General Grouch Against Carter.

On cross examination Mr. Grady said there was a general grouch against Judge Carter at Clinton; that the bar there had passed a resolution at one time asking another judge not exchange courts with Judge Carter so that the latter would come to Clinton again. He said that Solicitor Shaw often ate at the same table with Mrs. Williams and Mrs. Towler at the Clinton Hotel and that Representative Clark, who is the author of the resolution for the investigation, married a first cousin of his, although he had not seen him but twice before this Abernethy-Carter affair. The witness said he was a non-affiliate member of the Presbyterian church, but not an authority on church matters. He said that when he went to the hotel parlor to see Judge Carter and found the door closed he was told by either Mr. Fowler or Solicitor Shaw not to enter and that the judge was in there.

Court took a recess at 1:30 to 3 o'clock.

Walked With Miss Dement.

The first witness for the afternoon session was J. D. Parker, of Smithfield, at whose home Judge Carter boarded and roomed while holding courts there. Miss Frances Dement, court stenographer, also took her meals there, rooming elsewhere. He knew of no immoral conduct at Smithfield by Judge Carter. The judge and Miss Dement went out for walks together sometimes and sometimes the judge went alone for walks. He practiced as lawyer in Judge Carter's courts and never observed any unjudicial conduct by him in court.

Mrs. Parker testified that she had observed no improper conduct; said she did suggest to Miss Dement in a most friendly way once that since Smithfield was a small town her walking out with the judge might cause talk and that after this suggestion they did not go walking again. She never observed any improper conduct between them.

E. F. Dunn, lawyer, of Dunn, told of the Baggett case incident as he observed. When Judge Carter ordered Magistrate Lee off the witness stand with the reprimand that he had disgraced his office, the witness (Young) tried to interpose and explain for Lee, but he, too, was ordered to take his seat. On another occasion when a jury had acquitted a white man, Judge Carter remarked from the bench that it was getting to be impossible to convict a white man who was able to employ a lawyer and that a guiltier man never left a court room.

W. E. Register, of Clinton, testified to having met Judge Carter and Mrs. Williams in the street about 10 o'clock at night. He saw them enter Mrs. Williams' room, that Mrs. Williams' general reputation was bad; also that of her daughter, Mrs. Towler, was bad.

He saw Judge Carter wave his handkerchief at Mrs. Towler once as he drove off in an automobile.

On cross examination, Register admitted he was defendant in a case before Judge Carter in which he lost. He had cursed about the verdict. He could not specify when he saw Judge Carter go to Mrs. Williams' room and did not know that it was used as a sitting room.

He had heard that guests played set-back in there. He admitted that his resentment against the judge was so strong that it constrained him to spy on the judge.

J. H. Register, brother of W. E. Register, testified to having seen Judge Carter walking along a Clinton street with Mrs. Towler twice.

I. C. Wright, attorney, of Clinton, testified that he had never observed any conduct by Judge Carter that indicated immorality at Clinton, though he had heard comment that it was rather unusual for a judge to drive through the snow to hear a case in chambers when lawyers on both sides were attending court. This was the time the judge spent Sunday in Clinton when holding court elsewhere.

In Theatre at Wilmington.

He had seen Judge Carter and Mrs. Williams entering the theatre at Wilmington one night. He saw Judge Carter undressed at the Clinton hotel on the occasion of his visit there when holding court elsewhere, but this did not create any suspicion on his part at the time.

Mr. Wright recited the incidents in which Judge Carter ordered H. A. Grady to take his seat and in the Baggett case. In the latter he was counsel for Baggett. He said Baggett had proved his good behavior at that term under former court judgment and that if anybody was to be hauled up for contempt for the perjury warrant by Baggett, it was he, (the witness) as he had advised Baggett that he had the right to do this. He said he was satisfied that Baggett had been convicted in the former trial on perjured testimony.

Mr. Wright was closely cross-examined by Judge Manning, especially as to the Baggett incident.

Alfred M. McLean, attorney, of Lillington, testified that he knew nothing of his personal knowledge against Judge Carter. He had heard these reports as to immoral conduct and unjudicial conduct, but had no personal knowledge.

Col. Falk Arendell testified that Miss Dement, court stenographer, and her mother had lived in his home several years, had kept house for him, in fact, and that he never heard the least whisper against them until this case developed. He regarded the character of Miss Dement good in every respect.

Dr. J. D. Kerr, Jr., of Clinton, testified that the health of Mrs. Towler had been very bad for several years. He told of four operations at Wilmington, Raleigh, Richmond and elsewhere, and that she is still in very poor condition.

Mrs. Williams, a gray headed grandmother, 60 years old, was also in very bad health, liable now to be stricken with paralysis at any time. He said both were here for this investigation against the insistent protest of physicians familiar with their condition.

The committee took recess to 9:30 Tuesday morning.

Witnesses Already Summoned.

Among witnesses who have been summoned for the Raleigh hearing are the following:

From Harnett county: Attorney J. R. Baggest, Alfred McLean, Charles Ross and Walter P. Byrd, and F. H. Taylor, clerk of the court.

From Rocky Mount: Dr. J. P. Speight.

From Sampson county: Duncan McPhaul, Z. A. Clute, L. A. Bethune, W. F. Sessoms, clerk of the court, Dr. John D. Kerr, Jr., George Butler, attorney, O. J. Powell, John E. Fowler, attorney, F. F. Stevens, Jammie Hubbard, and T. J. Newsom, W. E. Register, J. H. Register, Henry A. Grady, attorney, John D. Kerr, attorney, and I. C. Wright, attorney.

From Smithfield: W. F. Stevens, clerk of the court, Judge F. H. Brooks, of the recorder's court, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Parker.

From Goldsboro: Dr. J. M. Johnson, M. T. Dickinson, attorney; Russell Robinson, attorney; Dr. William Faison, superintendent of the colored State Hospital at Goldsboro; M. H. Allen, attorney, Sheriff R. H. Edwards.

From Dunn: Eldridge Lee, E. F. Young, attorney.

From Asheville: F. W. Chapman, Dr. Millender, and Colonel Robert Bingham.

From Oxford: Judge A. W. Graham.

From Graham: J. L. Long, attorney.

From Kinston: Solicitor Henry A. Shaw.

From Williamson: Senator Harry Stubbs.

From Bladen county: Mr. and Mrs. Levy Carter.

From Siler City: Solicitor W. D. Siler.

PAY FOR AMERICAN FOODSTUFF SEIZED

(Continued from Page One.)

cia before a prize court at Brest, on the establishment of the American citizenship of its owners. The American embassy in Paris today so informed the State Department.

INDIANAPOLIS FEDERAL CLUB

ALLEGED TO BE INSOLVENT

Stockholder Starts Suit for the Appointment of a Receiver.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 22. — Alleging that the Indianapolis Federal League Baseball Club is insolvent, a stockholder started suit today for a receiver. He alleges that, in addition to an indebtedness of $75,000 the club is indebted to the stockholders for non-payment of six per cent. dividends on $50,000 worth of stock.

The petition says the club is losing money every day, and declares the corporation controlling it is about to dissipate its property and assets by transferring the club to unknown parties without in any way providing for or securing the payment to its stockholders or debtors sums already due them.

The case will be heard tomorrow in Supreme Court.

There is a Huyler confection to suit every taste—1600 varieties!

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FRESH EVERY HOUR

Our Sales Agents in Wilmington are
Mathews
Jno. W. Plummer, Jr.

Huyler's Cocoa, like Huyler's Candy, is Supreme

Warm War Wirelets

London, March 22.—The Central News says the Italian government today stopped all railway freight traffic with Germany by way of Switzerland.

London, March 22.—A Valparaiso dispatch to The Evening News says: "It is established that the engagement in which the German cruiser Dresden was sunk was in Chilean waters."

Berlin, (via London), March 22.—An enemy aviator appeared Sunday above Mulheim, Baden, and dropped three bombs on the city and the artillery barracks. Three soldiers were wounded.

Berlin, March 22 (by Wireless).—"According to an official announcement," says the Over-Seas Agency, "the number of prisoners of war now in Germany is 801,000 enlisted men and over 9,000 commissioned officers."

London, March 22.—The British steamer Concord of 1,825 tons, was torpedoed by a German submarine in the English channel today. The crew of 26 men were rescued by a patrol boat and landed at Dover. The vessel is reported to be afloat.

Paris, March 22.—French battleship Juareguiberg, which carries among her armament two 12-inch and two 10.8-inch guns, was ordered today to join the French squadron operating against the Dardanelles. The Juareguiberry will replace the French battleship Gaulois, which was badly damaged along the water line by Turkish shells.

Chicago, March 22.—The Federal League will buy the franchise of the Indianapolis club if the stockholders will withdraw their suit to have the club placed in the hands of a receiver said President James A. Gilmore, who returned tonight from Indianapolis.

RUB-MY-TISM
Will cure your Rheumatism Neuralgia, Headaches, Cramps, Colic, Sprains, Bruises, Cuts and Burns, Old Sores, Stings of Insects Etc. Antiseptic Anodyne, used internally and externally. Price 25c.

Seed Potatoes

400 barrels Irish Cobblers.
100 barrels White Bliss.
200 barrels Red Bliss.
100 barrels Early Rose.
100 bushels Yellow Onion Sets.
50 bushels Silver Skin Onion Sets.
500 tons Assorted Fertilizers

All of which will be sold on a close margin. We solicit orders for immediate shipment, and guarantee the quality to be first class, and prices right.

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Why send your money away for "bargain roofing" when you can get the best roofing at a reasonable price of your own local dealer whom you know?

A man in Iowa got a guarantee on a cheap roofing, but when he wanted the guarantee made good, the company had disappeared.

Buy materials that last

Certain-teed Roofing

is guaranteed in writing 5 years for 1-ply, 10 years for 2-ply, and 15 years for 3-ply, and the responsibility of our big mills stand behind this guarantee. Its quality is the highest and its price the most reasonable.

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World's largest manufacturers of Roofing and Building Papers
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Wall Boards
Plastic Roofing Cement
Asphalt Cement
Roof Coating
Metal Paints
Outdoor Paints
Shingle Stains
Tar Coating.

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JOIN THE CLEAN-UP AND PAINT-UP CAMPAIGN!
MARCH 15th to APRIL 1st.

You Can Help! We will Help You. Benj. Moore & Co.'s Pure House Colors, the Best for Your House. Don't Forget Garbage Cans, Ash Cans, Yard and Lawn Rakes, Lawn Mowers, Lawn Sprinklers.

SPECIAL PRICES ON THESE ITEMS, TO HELP THE MOVEMENT.
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10—12 SOUTH FRONT ST.

The Busiest Spot in Town

Hanbv's Hardware Store,
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All day long we were busy with a continual stream of discriminating buyers, and they all left well satisfied with their bargains in

Crockery, Hardware, Tools, Canoes, Tents, House Furnishing Goods, Motor Boat Supplies, Heaters and Ranges, Gasoline Engines, and Sporting Goods and Farming Implements.

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EASTER
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Now Ready To Be Shown

We Earnestly Request the Opportunity of Showing You the Newest and Most Beautiful Lot of Spring Oxfords and Slippers we Have Ever Stocked.

PETERSON and RULFS
Opposite Murchison National Bank

COLLECTED SLUSH FUND ABOVE $6000

From Proprietors of Saloons and Gambling Rooms.

TO USE IN ELECTION

Testimony of John F. Nugent, Assistant Chief of Police of Terre Haute Under Mayor Roberts—Other Testimony Yesterday.

Indianapolis, Ind., March 22.—John F. Nugent, assistant chief of police under Mayor Donn M. Roberts, detailed today at the trial of Terre Haute election case how he had collected a "slush fund" totalling almost $6,000 from saloon keepers and gambling room proprietors for registration and election purposes last fall. He read a list of saloon and gambling house owners and amounts of money which he said Mayor Roberts had told him to collect. Nugent has pleaded guilty.

Judge Eli H. Redman, who, with Robers, is among the 28 defendants on trial, also did some collecting for his own campaign for judge from the same class of people, according to Nugent, and Roberts became angry. Shea Brothers, saloon and gambling house proprietors were assessed $500 for the election, said Nugent, but he collected only $400, the Sheas telling him that Judge Redman had collected the other $100. That night, the witness continued, when he turned over the day's collection to Roberts and explained that Shea Brothers would contribute only $400 because of Redmna, Roberts ordered him to go back to Shea and learn "what Redman means butting in on me." Redman also collected from other saloon keepers, Nugent said.

Some of the men did not pay the amount they were assessed, witness asserted. George Woodall, who is among those on trial, was assessed $50, but paid only $25, said Nugent.

"Donn (meaning Mayor Roberts) told me then that Woodall would only be given 25 favors or one favor for each dollar he contributed," said the witness.

Frank C. Dudley, United States district attorney, contends that of the $6,000 collected by Nugent and turned over to Roberts only $700 was paid into the regular Democratic campaign fund.

Nugent also told of going to negro saloon keepers, on the orders of Mayor Roberts, and telling them just how many men were to be registered from each saloon on election day.

Frank Kiser, another who has pleaded guilty, testified that Roberts gave him $100 the night before the election for him to use in the "bagdad" precinct.

"The inspector there is all right and you can do business with him," Kiser testified Roberts told him.

The inspector, however, did not appear and the election board selected a man who Kiser said "was not right" and, as a result, he said, he had to pay blindly all day. In addition to the $100 Roberts gave him, he said, Maurice Walsh, treasurer of the Democratic committee and a defendant, brought him $100 during the day and that he paid out the $200 to voters.

MORE PER DIEM FOR ITS CONVICTS THAN TEACHERS.

President Wright Shows How Poorly N. C. School Teachers Are Paid.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Winston, N. C., March 21.—"The State of North Carolina gets more per diem for its convicts than it pays its school teachers," was the statement of Dr. Robert H. Wright, president of the East Carolina Teachers' Training School at Greenville, in an address to more than a hundred Lenoir county school marms in the Peyton avenue primary school here yesterday. The occasion was an educational rally inaugurated by Joseph Kinsey, the county superintendent. Dr. Wright compared the compensation of the teachers with the average pay of negro cooks in Greenville. He is satisfied, he declared, that the cooks are the best off when it comes to salary.

"In Washington, D. C., they pay the dog-catcher $1,500 a year, but the teachers in the National Capital get barely half that much," the educator said. Dr. Wright urged the teachers to improve their status so that their calling may be elevated to the dignity of a profession—a legalized profession—as it deserves to be. In this he was joined by Dr. E. W. Knight, professor of education at Trinity College, who spoke along similar lines. Dr. Wright emphasized the need for "snap" in teaching. He described a very portly, lazy instructress in a Boston city school who was teaching a class in civil government at the time when he visited her room. All that he gathered from the entire period was that the woman didn't know that she herself was a citizen of the United States. "I do believe she thought that to be a citizen one must be of the masculine gender and 21 years of age," the doctor declared. "How could she get anything out of her pupils, when she was so lukewarm, besides being incompetent?"

APPROVED BY SUPREME COURT.

South Carolina Woman Gets $20,000 for Death of Her Husband.

Washington, March 22.—A $20,000 award under the Federal Employers' Liability law to Clara V. Padgett, and her eight children for the death of her husband, Lewis H. Padgett, caused by falling into a pit in a roud house at Cayce, Lexington county, South Carolina, today was approved by the Supreme Court.

Washington, March 22.—Six firemen were injured today when a motor ladder truck turned over in a collision with a motor car on Pennsylvania avenue near the Capitol.

RECIPES OF OUR PIONEER MOTHERS

for the home treatment of disease were wonderfully dependable. True, they knew nothing of drugs, but owed their success to the roots, herbs and barks of the field. It is interesting to note that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound the most successful remedy for female ills we have, was originally prepared for home use from one of these recipes. Its fame has now spread from shore to shore, and thousands of American women now well and strong claim they owe their health and happiness to Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

DR. JOHNSON AT WAKE FOREST.

Occupies Pulpit at Baptist Church Morning and Evening.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Wake Forest, N. C., March 22.—Dr. Livingston Johnson, of Raleigh, filled the pulpit here Sunday at both morning and evening services in the absence of the pastor. At the morning service he spoke on "The Lordship of Jesus". He spoke of the special commissioned work of Paul as that for a glorified Christ while the general teachings before Paul's time was of an incarnated Christ.

At the evening service Dr. Cullom in speaking of Dr. Johnson referred to him as one who would be mentioned in the history of the Baptist work in North Carolina. At this service, which was a mission meeting, Dr. Johnson spoke on "Power for Service." He said that all power comes from God, referring to the trial of Jesus before Pilate when Jesus reminded Pilate that no power was given man except by God. He said that not all the children of God have power, these children may be of the very first intellectually and the most refined, while on the other hand people of little intellect and little refinement may be the most powerful. He closed by saying that two-thirds of the Christian people are not co-operating in sending the gospel of Christ to the ends of the earth.

APRIL "RELIGIOUS MONTH".

For Which Elaborate Preparations Are Being Made in Kinston.

(Special Star Correspondence.)

Kinston, N. C., March 22.—Elaborate preparations are being made for Kinston's "religious month." April will be the time of more activity in the churches of the city than at any other period in its history. The First Baptist, Queen Street Methodist, Caswell Street Methodist, St. Mary's Episcopal, Christ Episcopal, Atkinson Memorial Presbyterian and Gordon Street Christian churches are planning to hold daily services for several weeks during the month. For the second two weeks, probably, the services will be held as "simultaneous meetings," in the afternoon and night at the same time in all the churches, with a joint service for about 20 minutes at noon in a theatre. Most of the pastors have secured evangelists of national renown to assist them during the simultaneous meetings.

THEATRICAL

Today is truly feature day at the home of the "Incomparable Movies" the occasion being marked with at least three big drawing cards either one of which would capably hold down the head of the procession.

The headliner is that great two-reel Bison mining drama, "The Lost Ledge," featuring Marie Walcamp and William Clifford in one of their greatest feature releases. It's the story of the finding of a long-lost veins of gold, which a young mining engineer, penned in a gas-filled mine, re-discovers. And the prettiest of love romances, where the "sweetest girl in the world" awaits his return, completes one of the most wholesomely satisfying and thrilling dramas of the year in two rousing reels.

Next comes that grat Universal special feature, "The Dance Creations," a wonderful novelty dancing picture featuring those famous stars of "Hello Broadway," Brown and Dolly, in their great dances, "The Crinoline Polka," "The Waltz Classique," "The Habanera Hesitation" and "Chopsticks— a Chinese Fantasy." Costumes of this great feature were designed by Lamberti and the staging was spectacular in the extreme.

Mabel Normand and Fatty Arbuckle come next in a great Keystone, "Fatty and Mabel's Wash Day" that is a continuous scream. They are followed by "His Lesson,' a Mutual drama featuring Billie West, a love story of politics and social uplift. Then comes a great Beauty drama, making five pictures, six reels. It is "The Spirit of Giving" and features Virginia Kirtley and Joseph Harris. Don't miss this swell lineup at Wilmington's favorite amusement spot.

At the New Grand.

Again "Runaway June" at the New Grand and those folks who have been following the adventures of this pretty, charming, though impulsive young bride will, no doubt, turn out en masse to see the third episode which will be screened today. The further adventures of "June" only tend to deepen the mystery and carry interest to greater heights. The tall, black vandyked stranger still pursues and this episode is indeed fascinating and followers of the story should be certain to see it. However, advice of this character, judging by the way the Grand has been crowded on "Runaway June" days, seems indeed superfluous. But advice that is in order is to be on hand early in order to get a good seat.

But "Runaway June" is not the only feature today, not the only great feature, in fact. It is with pleasure that the management announces that it will today offer "Mother's Roses," which is the third prize winner in the noted and big Sun-Scenario Contest, that created such a stir both amid the writers and the devotees of films. The story vividly demonstrates that the abiding love and solicitude of a mother is an ever present influence for good against evils that surround us. It is not only a beautiful but a stirring story. It takes three reel to unfold the story, which alone shows how mammoth it is.

Washington, March 22.—The Supreme Court today recessed until April 5 to prepare opinions.

Various Forms Of Headache

"It is necessary in order to treat headaches properly to understand the causes which produce the affection" says Dr. J. W. Ray of Blockton, Ala. Continuing, he says: "Physicians cannot even begin the treatment of a disease without knowing what causes give rise to it, and we must remember that headache is to be treated according to the same rule. We must not only be particular to give a remedy intended to counteract the cause which produces the headaches, but we must also give a remedy to relieve the pain until the cause of trouble has been removed. To answer this purpose Anti-kamnia Tablets will be found a most convenient and satisfactory remedy. One tablet every one to three hours gives comfort and rest in the most severe cases of headache, neuralgia and particularly the headaches of women." When we have a patient subject to regular attacks of sick headache, we should caution him to keep his bowels regular, for which nothing is better than "Actoids," and when he feels the least sign of an oncoming attack, he should take two A-K Tablets. Such patients should always be instructed to carry a few Anti-kamnia Tablets, so as to have them ready for instant use. These tablets are prompt in action, and can be depended on to produce relief in a very few minutes. Ask for A-K Tablets.

Anti-kamnia Tablets can be obtained at all druggists.

BOSPHORUS IS GRAVE OF FOUR AMERICANS

Officer and Sailors Drowned Near Constantinople.

Were Swamped in Heavy Sea While Returning to Yacht Scorpion After Dining Ashore With American Officials.

Constantinople, (via Berlin and London), March 22.—Lieutenant Commander William F. Bricker, of the United States converted yacht Scorpion, and three sailors, Charles Ford, Irven Dowell and Albert F. Leverens, were drowned on the night of March 20 while attempting to reach their vessel with a row boat.

The Scorpion was anchored in the Bosphorus off Constantinople. The row boat was swamped in a heavy sea. Lieutenant Herbert S. Babitt, and one sailor, also in the boat, were saved.

Great Regret in Washington.

Washington, March 22.—Great regret was expressed by naval officers over the death of Lieutenant Commander Bricker, who was well known here. Seaman Irven Dowell was from Annapolis, Md., Charles Ford's home was in Oxford, Miss. His wife lives at Berkeley, Va.

A report from Ambassador Morgenthau says Lieutenant Commander Bricker's body was recovered, but the others had not yet been found. The message adds that Commander Bricker had dined on short with the Secretary of the Embassy Hoffman Philip and Captain Strew and was returning to the Scorpion about 11 o'clock. A severe windstorm had come up and the captain was anxious about the security of the ship's moorings near the ship the small boat foundered.

Commander Bricker's funeral will take place from the embassy at Constantinople Tuesday. His home was in Pennsylvania.

MOUNTAIN SNOW SLIDE LEAVES DEATH IN ITS PATH.

Fifty Miners Killed and Houses Swept Away in Vancouver.

Vancouver, B. C., March 22.—Fifty miners were killed and as many more injured early today by a snow slide which swept away several bunk houses at the Britania mine at Howe Sound, B. C., according to a dispatch received here. Besides bunk houses, part of the aerial tramway of the mine was carried away.

The mine level is on the mountain side nearly 5,000 feet above the shore of the sound. The tramway destroyed extended from the mine to the beach.

Soon after reports of the avalanche were received here a steamer with physicians and nurses left for Howe Sound. Details are lacking.

The Britania is a coal mine employing more than 1,000 men.

BACK TO FIVE CENTS.

Reduction in the Price of Bread in Chicago by Bakers.

Chicago, March 22.—Bread prices in Chicago were reduced to five cents a loaf, the normal figure, today, by practically every baking concern. The price was advanced to six cents last month.

ITCHING, BLISTERED SKIN-ERUPTION ALL HIS LIFE, NOW CURED

Nov. 19, 1914:—"All my life, until about a year ago, I was troubled with blisters and sores over my entire body. The itching and burning was terrible, and I could hardly sleep. I used many treatments that were unsuccessful and did not give me any relief. I started using Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap and they helped me wonderfully. I WAS RELIEVED AT ONCE, and after about two dozen applications I can say that I was free and cured of that awful disease. My skin now is as clear as anybody's."—(Signed) Geo. Whitcher, Jr., R. F. D. No. 54, Caledonia, N. Y. Resinol Ointment and Resinol Soap are sold by all druggists.

IS YOUR TOILET SOAP SAFE?

Many toilet soaps contain harsh, injurious alkali. Resinol Soap contains absolutely no free alkali, and to it is added the Resinol medication. This gives it soothing, healing properties which clear the complexion, comfort tender skins and keep the hair healthy.

666

5 or 6 Doses 666 will break any case of Chills and Fever,

COLDS & LaGRIPPE

APPARENT CONFLICTS IN SEAMEN'S ACT POINTED OUT

Shipping Interests Ask Attorney General to Construe Law.

Washington, March 22—Shipping men and officials of the bureau of navigation, unable to determine just when the provisions of the Seamens' act passed by the last Congress takes effect, have submitted three apparently conflicting sections in the law to the Attorney General for an opinion.

Section six says the restrictions imposed as to quarters for the crew shall apply to all merchant vessels of more than 100 tons register, construction of which shall have been begun after the passage of the act, which would mean after March 4 last.

Section 14 provides that the new lifeboat regulations shall become effective July 1, 1915, while Section 18 provides that the act shall take effect as to all American vessels eight months after its passage, or on November 4, 1915, and in the case of foreign shipping twelve months after passage, or March 4, 1916.

Many shipping men have inquired of the bureau of navigation regarding this seeming conflict.

FEDERAL GRAND JURY BEGINS INVESTIGATION

Of Complaints of James W. Osborne Against Miss Rae Tanzer.

New York, March 22.—The Federal grand jury has begun investigation of the complaint made by James W. Osborne, former assistant district attorney, that Miss Rae Tanzer used the mails in furtherance of a scheme to defraud, it became known today. Miss Tanzer recently sued J. W. Osborne for $50,000 alleging breach of promise. Soon afterward a man appeared who said he was Oliver Osborne and that he was the man who had cultivated the girl's acquaintance.

David H. Slade, counsel for Miss Tanzer, today was served with papers directing him to produce before the Federal grand jury a letter delivered to him last Friday and said to have been written to a young woman named Helen Kaiser by Oliver Osborne.

The case also came up in the Supreme court today, where J. W. Osborne had applied for a bill for particulars in the breac hof promise case.

On motion of Miss Tanzer's counsel, this motion went over until Wednesday.

APPLE GROWERS LOSE FIGHT BEFORE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

For Lower Carload Rates from Certain Territory to Various Points.

Washington, March 22.—Carload rates on apples over the Baltimore & Ohio, Pennsylvania and other railroads from producing points in Virginia, West Virginia, Maryland, Delaware and Southern Pennsylvania to various sections of the country, were found not to be unreasonable today by the Interstate Commerce Commission when compared with the rates from New York and New England producing points. Complaint by the Eastern Fruit Growers' Association, representing 540,000 acres of apple bearing trees, was dismissed.

Washington, March 22.—W. P. Hale, D. B. Burns and Joseph Hyde Pratt today were appointed by the Supreme Court to act as commissioners to mark the North Carolina-Tennessee boundary line, in accordance with the court's decision.

Washington, March 22.—The Supreme Court today affirmed the action of the Virginia Federal courts in refusing to enjoin the Virginia Corporation Commission from instituting suit to test the liability of the Dalton Adding Machine Company, of Missouri, to pay the Virginia license tax for selling machines in that state.

SEVERE PUNISHMENT

Of Mrs. Chappell, of Five Years' Standing, Relieved by Cardui.

Mt. Airy, N. C.—Mrs. Sarah M. Chappell of this town, says: "I suffered for five years with womanly troubles, also stomach troubles, and my punishment was more than any one could tell.

I tried most every kind of medicine, but none did me any good.

I read one day about Cardui, the woman's tonic, and I decided to try it. I had not taken but about six bottles until I was almost cured. It did me more good than all the other medicines I had tried, put together.

My friends began asking me why I looked so well, and I told them about Cardui. Several are now taking it."

Do you, lady reader, suffer from any of the ailments due to womanly trouble, such as headache, backache, sideache, sleeplessness, and that everlastingly tired feeling?

If so, let us urge you to give Cardui a trial. We feel confident it will help you, just as it has a million other women in the past half century.

Begin taking Cardui to-day. You won't regret it. All druggists.

Write to: Chattanooga Medicine Co., Ladies' Advisory Dept., Chattanooga, Tenn., for *Special Instructions* on your case and 64-page book, "Home Treatment for Women," in plain wrapper. N.C. 124

BLACK WHITE TAN

2 in 1

ALL DEALERS 10¢

SHOE POLISHES

THE GREAT HOME POLISHES—IN "EASY-OPENING" BOX

HAMILTON, CAN.

AUTOMOBILES FOR HIRE

HIGH GRADE MACHINES

Day and Night Service.

'PHONE: 345

Rates ....$2.50 Per Hour

Packard Auto Rent Co.

B. B. CAMERON, Manager.

CIGARS UNITED

UNITED CIGAR STORES in WILMINGTON

In announcing the opening of a UNITED CIGAR STORE next Saturday, at 102 North Front Street, we want to make one or two facts plain.

We come to this city because we believe there is plenty of room for us here.

There is no spirit of "conquest" about our enterprise.

Usually the retail cigar business takes on new life when we come to town—there is more **hustle** and **all thrive** in a spirit of good-natured rivalry—fair, square competition. That is business.

It is a race and the largest winner is he who gives the consumer the most or the best for his money.

In a hustling growing city like this there is constant **increase** in the cigar business—all lines of business.

There are hundreds of places where cigars are sold in this town. If we do our level best we will get our share of the increase.

We know we will never get any more than we earn and deserve, and we expect to **hustle** for all we get.

UNITED CIGAR STORES

THE GLADIATOR

¶The maker of the advertising appropriation, who fails to include newspaper advertising; is not unlike the gladiator who allows one hand to remain bound and helpless when he enters the arena.

¶The Sunday Star with a circulation of seven thousand is invaluable to the advertiser who wishes to reach the people of Wilmington and the buyers of all this section of Eastern Carolina and upper South Carolina. Rates on application.

WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY
WILMINGTON, N. C.
'Phone 51 114 Chestnut Street

THE MORNING STAR

Published by the
WILMINGTON STAR COMPANY, INC.,
Wilmington, N. C.

Entered as second class matter at the postoffice at Wilmington, N. C., under Act of Congress, March 2nd, 1879.

FULL ASSOCIATED PRESS REPORT

PUBLISHERS' ANNOUNCEMENT.

THE MORNING STAR, the oldest daily newspaper in North Carolina, is published daily and mailed to subscribers outside the county at $6 per year, $3 for six months; $1.50 for three months; or served by carrier in the city and suburbs at 60c. per month, or, when paid in advance, $7.00 per year, $3.50 for six months, $1.75 for three months.

THE SUNDAY STAR by mail, one year, $1; six months, 50 cents; three months, 25 cents.

ADVERTISING RATES may be had on application, and advertisers may feel assured that through the columns of this paper they may reach all Wilmington, Eastern Carolina and contiguous territory in South Carolina.

Obituary sketches, cards of thanks, communications espousing the cause of a private enterprise or a political candidate and like matter will be charged at the rate of 10 cents per line, to persons carrying a regular account, or, if paid cash in advance, a half rate will be allowed. Announcements of fairs, festivals, balls, hops, picnics, excursions, society meetings, political meetings, etc., will be charged under the same conditions, except so much thereof as may be of news value to the readers of the paper, in the discretion of the editors.

TELEPHONES: Business Office, No. 51. Editorial and Local rooms, No. 61.

COMMUNICATIONS, unless they contain important news, or discuss briefly and properly subjects of real interest, are not wanted; and, if acceptable in every other way, they will invariably be rejected unless the real name of the author accompanies the same, not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

ALL DRAFTS, checks, express money orders and postal money orders for the paper should be made payable and all communications should be addressed to

THE WILMINGTON STAR CO.

TUESDAY, MARCH 23, 1915.

The world owes you a living, but you have to go after it with a sack and bring it home.

Probably if all the Germans will go home and stay, nobody will try to follow them and get into trouble.

The ground hog played a return engagement. Ooo! For the 22nd day of March, yesterday seemed like it was fanned by a breeze right off the North Pole.

Owing to the fact that the European belligerents deny us any rights to the seven seas, we guess we will have to wait till we catch some of them ashore.

Solomon was the wisest man, but probably owing to the fact that he foolishly increased the number of his wives to 300, most of his wisdom was acquired in the shape of advice and experience.

A savant claims that he has discovered something 300 times as sweet as sugar. Savant, nothing! North Carolina boys think they know some things that are a thousand times sweeter than anything else.

Phil Armstrong, the Jacksonville Times-Union philosopher, says: "Be original by all means—even if you're taken for a crank." How that advice is like unto Shakespeare's: "If thou hast not a virtue, assume one."

The party which is on the outside looking in hates to see another party on the inside spending all the country's money. Each party things the other is the most extravagant and neither can deny it, so's anybody would believe it.

Japan is not only violating the enutrality of China, but is kicking the hound dog of China's integrty around. Meanwhile, the powers which guaranteed China's integrity are too busy resenting violation of Belgium's neutrality.

Of course, everybody will be glad that negro fisherman at St. Lucie Inlet, Florida, saved Mr. George W. Perkins when he was about to drown in the ocean. Besides being entitled to a Carnegie hero medal, the darkey will be equalled for a vaudeville engagement in which he can describe how he kept the Progressive party's wallet from going to the bottom.

Dean Kirchway, of Columbia law school, assures us that there is nothing to the theory that the sexes will become antagonistic photoplasms and make war on each other. We have no doubt, however, that Billy Sunday will warn the males of the species of the growing aversion of feminines to the protoplastic specimens who smoke so many cigarettes that they are liable to develop into mollycoddles with front teeth like the grains on a freak ear of corn.

North Carolina counties which did not build good roads because there was common belief that the United States government would soon be constructing highways for every section of the country, had better get in touch with the North Carolina Highway Commission. The commission will tell them how they can build good roads themselves and will probably send them an engineer to lay off the roads and instruct them as to how to save money by building roads in the proper way.

Hear Brunswick crow! The Brunswick (Ga.) News says: "If that new battleship ever has occasion to come South, then Brunswick will be about the only port along the South Atlantic coast with water enough to admit her into harbor." The Jacksonville Times-Union reminds The News that by the time the Pennsylvania gets ready to come South, Jacksonville will have enough water for her. Just a little dredging on the Cape Fear bar would enable her to drop into Southport. If this country hopes ever to boast of its naval efficiency, every one of its Atlantic and Gulf ports should be made to give harbor to the ships of the navy.

THE COTTON SITUATION

New York and London cotton men are about to become convinced that the South is not going to be foolish enough to plant another big cotton crop this year in the face of already low prices and in spite of the world demand for foodstuffs at high prices. The acreage question is cutting a large figure in the price of cotton now, and the latest cotton circular of Messrs. Henry Clews & Co., New York, under date of March 20, makes that quite clear. For instance, in accounting for the fact that the cotton markets remain firm, with an upward tendency, the circular says:

"Liverpool strength and the growing convictio nof a drestic acreage reduction resulted in establishing during the week for the deferred options new high prices for the season. The reason given for the strength abroad was that Russia and the Continent generally were renewing their purchases of cotton through British channels. Russia has already taken a great quantity of the staple in this way as well as by way of Japan, and it is expected that continual liberal purchases of the raw material must be made by that country to provide for its army cloth production. The European demand for England's reserve supply argues well for further heavy exports from this side. During February we exported over 1,500,000 bales, almost twice that of a year ago. Already the 6,000,000 bale mark has been passed, and there is every reason to believe that during the current month, as well as in April, heavy inroads will be made upon our stocks by foreigners. An unprecedented number of ships considering the season of year is now loading at Southern ports, and inquiries for further freight room for shipment to Great Britain find few offerings. It will be seen, therefore, that notwithstanding the embargo on shipments to Germany and despite war conditions, our export situation is satisfactory, which unquestionably gives basic strenth to our market."

Messrs. Clews & Co., also gives the statistical position at home and abroad. During February, American mills consumed 463,000 bales, against 455,000 during February last year, an increase of 8,000 bales over last year's February takings. The total takings of American mills for the season have been 3,054,000 bales, against 3,271,000 for the corresponding season last year. The mills in the country lack only 217,000 bales of catching up with last year's consumption, with the probability that it will go over last year's American mill takings by the end of the season. Considering the fact that in February mill takings were larger than those of last year, the circular says:

"With domestic consumption running ahead of that of a year ago it looks as if manufacturers will have to do some heavy buying of raw material before long. There is no question that some of our spinners have been far sighted enough to accumulate sufficient cotton at the extraordinarily low prices of a few months ago to supply their needs for the balance of the year, but from statistics at hand it would appear as if these were in the great minority and that the majority of our manufacturers have missed, as they did in 1911, a golden opportunity to stock up at cheap prices. Provided domestic textile business pans out as now indicated these belated buyers will soon find themselves in a position where it will be necessary for them to make heavy purchases regardless of price, for, unless there is a complete change of position on the part of the planter the chances now of getting cheap cotton seem rather remote."

The circular reports continued agitation throughout the cotton belt for curtailment of acreage and active work in every state to induce the farmers to diversify their crops. Alabama state authorities are waging an aggressive campaign along that line, while in the South Atlantic the reports are to the effect that plans are under way for heavy planting of tobacco, grain and vegetable crops, with the belief expressed that in this part of the belt there will be a reduction of at least 25 per cent. in cotton acreage. However, there is nothing settled yet as to acreage, although a break in price is predicted if the acreage in cotton is to be anyways large. On the contrary, Henry Clews & Co. state that at this moment there is every reason to expect a heavy curtailment in acreage.

PROGRESS IN A COUNTRY TOWN.

The notable experience of Hardwick, a New England town, in making progress by community union and effort, is being pointed to as an example for country towns generally. Three years ago, it is pointed out, Hardwick apparently was a finished town in which "each member of the community lived a humdrum life and was content to enjoy comfort at the expense of hard work and hard economy," as the Jacksonville Times-Union states it. However, it appears that the sleepy New England town caught on to a new idea (although it is old in some communities), with the result that just at present that town is getting the widest sort of publicity. It is getting some right now in The Star, because we wish to mention it as a wholesome example for North Carolina towns.

Hardwick's plan is described as unique, but whether that is literally true or not, it is practical and successful. So much so, indeed, that Hardwick is now recognized throughout the country as a town which has done something and is making good in a peculiar way. Our valued Florida contemporary was impressed with what the New England town has done and refers to it in this way:

"Now Hardwick is recognized throughout the country as something peculiar if not unique—she has transformed herself and thereby given a new turn to the thoughts of her people and a new interest in the world by achieving a personality akin to the distinction gained by the captain who has won a victory or the sailor who has discovered a new land. Three years ago there was a meeting and the citizens of Hardwick decided to begin on a new conception of life and its duties. Since then Mr. Parker tells the New England Federation of Agricultural Progress that she has co-operated in raising one breed of cattle as a means of keeping the blood pure and has made the business pay; she has learned that the skim milk can be fed at a profit to producer and consumer by feeding it to hens; her people buy their fertilizers together and so get them cheaper and better; they have enriched the school curriculum; they publish a community paper which encourages literary effort and advertises the town and its products; they have provided many public benefits by team work that were before beyond their reach and they have attained a better understanding among themselves and a fuller ideal of human fellowship. Moreover, they have proved that all this furnishes a sound basis of profit in good dollars. Hardwick declares that higher living pays the individual as well as the community. In Hardwick the dairyman wasted his skim milk till the poultrymen took it at a fixed price; buying in quantities transportation costs were lowered; when the whole community takes an interest in upholding the good temptation is removed from others. Why should not the example set by Hardwick inspire others to imitation to the betterment of government and morals as well as of business? Communism like this is endorsed by common sense."

The simple analysis of all the foregoing is that the people of Hardwick and the farmers composing a valuable element of the community have joined earnestly and unselfishly in a co-operative movement which takes in about everything the people in the town and country do. Their interests and progress are wrapped up together. They now fully realize it and consequently came to the conclusion to pull together—a "team work" proposition only illustrating the old axiom that "In unity there is strength." That axiomatic or self-evident truth is old as the hills and yet some communities are just now waking up to it this late in the twentieth century. Nevertheless, thousands of communities have not waked up yet and gotten on the job as a unit—as a co-operative community.

Coming nearer home for a concrete example and naming Wilmington as the community, The Star wants to emphasize what a community is. For instance, it is Wilmington and all the tributary territory directly in touch with it and interested in its progress. Wilmington is surrounded by a rich trucking and agricultural region, and the city is but the marketing, business and industrial part of the community. The adjacent country round about, probably taking in a radius of 100 miles or more, is but the agricultural part of the community—one very important part of its industrial life, the rural part of it. Therefore the city part of the community is vitally interested in the progress of its rural part, and in like proportion the rural part is just as greatly concerned in the progress and development of the city portion, of the community center, so to speak.

Now catch on to the fact that every town is a community, with a community interest extending into ten to one hundred miles of rural territory. When, therefore, the people of a town and the country around it become convinced that they belong to one community, it is up to them to be sufficiently wise and progressive to co-operate along every line that tends to develop both the town and rural parts of the community.

That is precisely what Hardwick realized to the extent that the town and its tributary country just got together in all sorts of a co-operative movement. There is co-operation in buying and selling, in doing business and in farming. The town is interested in seeing that the farmers get fair prices for their products so the rural part of the community may have assurance of prosperity. Likewise, the rural part of the community is concerned in the town part and is interested in making it a good market for themselves. The more the town grows, the better it is for the farmers, while the more the country is developed the better it is for the town. The farmers learn sooner or later that by sending orders 600 to 1,000 miles away to department stores they will never build up their town and increase their marketing advantages, while the town also becomes alive to the fact that the more it co-operates with the rural section and brings about its development, its settlement and its prosperity, the greater will be the assurance of the progress of the town.

We ought to be convinced by now that practical co-operation is a good thing, but knowing it won't amount to a hill of beans if we do not go to work and do it. Do it now. Some other time may never come. When an army is ready, it moves forward as a unit. Its efficiency is typified in its organization, so when the order is given, "Forward, March," the unit moves in a mass.

WHAT WILMINGTON IS AFTER

First of all, Wilmingtonians, the whole aim in Wilmington at this time is to get municipal government in the city of Wilmington up to a system of efficiency and economy. The paramount question is economy not inconsistent with necessary progress. To make sure of that, we must have efficiency. We may differ about the relative matter of method in getting us a capable city government, but if we will unite in the single purpose of securing a city administration of undoubted integrity and capability, we will do well, indeed. If we do that, we will sooner or later get the proper method by evolutionary process.

We may dispute about our proposed new methods, or any of our former methods, or any old method, but what we should agree about is that what Wilmington needs in the way of practical government is men with the capability to adjust themselves to whatever method they may have at their disposal. Give us men who can go up against any method. You may have cloth all wool and a yard wide, but if you don't get a tailor to cut it instead of a blacksmith, no matter how good the blacksmith as such, what good is your having the cloth?

That which we call a charter is the law which the General Assembly enacts to guide those who are to govern our city. It invests them with power to act, with authority to administer, and defines their official dutes. The charter law is for the purpose of making their acts legal and limiting them to the powers delegated to them by the Legislature. In academic terms, it is a legal rule for them to go by, to be governed by. The wise and efficient administration of the city government under any charter depends on—why, it depends on men, the men who can vindicate the method. Boys are all right as boys, but nobody would put a boy on a man's job, with any expectation that the very best method would avail much in inexperienced or incapable hands. Neither should Wilmington expect any method of government to avail her, if she does not put men on the job—men with ability and administrative qualifications—not clever or even popular misfits.

The proper government of Wilmington calls first for the maintenance of law and order. It calls for the ability to provide and handle an efficient police department. It calls for the capabilities required to provide an equitable taxing system and to wisely and economically spend the city's revenue come derived from the people. It requires the ability and judgment to provide the people with efficient utilities and to make improvements with a view to developing Wilmington on modern lines. Getting money out of the pockets of the people in the way of taxes and spending it so the people can get the benefit of it in the way of good order and reasonable progress, is a big part of administration—probably the best part of it. Wherefore, let us make sure of the method, but make doubly sure of the men to whose administrative capabilites we are to entrust that method. "Never send a boy to mill."

Wilmington wants progress in government. That's the big aim. The Federal government makes progress all the time. Compare present day government efficency and administrative prowess with that of the "fathers of the Republic." We have improved on their methods and efficency. They expected us to do it, hence it is no reflection on them that we have larger opportunities and greater responsibilities and know how to deal with them. We can't improve on the patriotism, the manhood and the honesty of "the fathers," but we have gone several laps ahead of them in our operations in a larger sphere, in handling huger tasks and in exercising magnfied administrative functions. That isn't any of their fault, but we reflect honor on them by meeting the greater responsibilities and the larger exigencies of this progressive age.

Therefore, the fact that this modern Wilmington is proposing to make progress in government is no reflection on any of our "city fathers," old or young. We propose to move up a pace and we should rejoice if each successive administration shall put it all over us in the years to come. We want them to do it, but just now it is right up to us to prove whether we are capable of adopting new government methods and doing the right thing by those methods in committing our interests and Wilmington's destiny to hands with the grasp that will get us something big.

THE CITY'S FINANCES.

Wilmington, N. C., March 22, 1915.

To the Editor of The Star:

As there seems to be some confusion as to the financial condition of the city, permit me to give the following resume:

The city's anticipated income from all sources amounts to $330,000.

It costs $299,000 to run the city, which includes the substitution of new for old machinery in several departments, which are not always chargeable to one year, in their entirety, in addition to taking care of the administrative and executive departments and the bonded indebtedness of the city, leaving a net surplus of $31,000 to take care of the following items:

The fire auto and Gamewell alarm system, $5,750; the incinerator $6,000; and $5,000 to retire the serial bonds of the sewerage company, all of which were brought over from previous administrations.

In addition to this we lay aside in the sinking fund about $7,000 each year to retire its bonded indebtedness, a part of which is interest from investments.

This leaves the city with approximately $7,000 to take care of emergencies which may arise during the fiscal year.

Owing, however, to the liquidation of the Southern National Bank the city lost in revenues about $7,500 from this source or automatically throwing the city in excess of its budget, which was through no fault of the administration.

The floating debt of the city at the present time is neither $239,000 nor anywhere near that figure.

The current debt of the city is $200,000, which we borrowed at the beginning of the fiscal year to tide us over until tax collecting time, which will be paid during the present year, ending June 1st.

The city, like any mercantile business, is compelled to borrow money during part of the year in which its income is not obtainable and the notes which are issued to tide over this interim are protected by taxes when collected.

It should be noted that one-third of each fiscal year has expired before taxes, under our present system, are even payable, and a great proportion of it is not actually paid until near the close of the fiscal year.

It is misleading to charge the city with having a floating indebtedness in large amount when the debt is really an anticipation of its collections made for the purpose of paying current expenses during the summer months, and which is always liquidated before the fiscal year expires.

My idea of floating indebtedness is debts which are payable and which we have no means of providing for but temporary indebtedness for which provision is made should hardly be termed floating indebtedness.

The debt which is carried over at the end of the fiscal year, or floating debt, is as follows:

For Market Street paving	$40,000
Fourth Street extension	15,000
Fire engine house	7,500
Fire boat	3,750

Or a total of $66,250, to which should be added $14,400 due on incinerator, but not yet matured.

It was urged by the advocates of the Market street improvement, which improvements were absolutely necessary, that the estimated increase in property values would amount to at least $200,000.

One-half of this valuation, if added to the tax books, will provide for the payment of the interest on the bonds issued for that purpose, in addition to which the bond issue will take care of all the outstanding indebtedness of the city and which, from the above, should be entirely self-supporting.

A fair investigation of the work done by the present administration would show that the accomplishments in the way of increased assets have fully justified the expenditures beyond the city's ordinary current income and the investments which are permanent.

I think it can be reasonably deduced from the above that the operating expenses of the city have been kept properly within its income so far as we could estimate its income annually in advance, and that the excess of expenditures, where any have been made, have been in the shape of permanent and needed and requested improvements which are really assets.

It has been our endeavor to keep the public properly informed each month, through the newspapers, of the financial operations of the city and annually in pamphlet containing full information, certified to by a public accountant, which is, of course, free to any citizen desiring it.

Yours respectfully,
D. N. CHADWICK, JR.

SUGGESTIONS.

(Communfcated.)

Efficient government is not only good of itself but is a source of laudable civic pride. It is always possible to have good government, and when unsatisfactory conditions arise in a government the fault is to be found in the indifference of the people.

Good government, like any other thing of value, does not come except by sacrifice, and a government is always just as good as the people will sacrifice to make it. On the whole this sacrifice is not great, for when a majority of the voters in a community recognize their obligation to inform themselves and vote their intelligent convictions, good government is the necessary consequence.

Government is the public business of every voter, and just to the degree that the voters attend to their public business is the government good or bad. A voter has no more moral right to disregard the obligations of his public business than he has to disregard the obligations of his private business.

Self government is a sound political theory, but in practice it is a rare reality. Men who think themselves most independent unwittingly allow others to control their public business.

Nine-tenths of the complaints of the shortcomings of government would be rendered impossible by one-tenth of the time used by voters for prevention.

The average city government, translated into a commercial enterprise, would find itself hopelessly bankrupt.

CURRENT COMMENT.

Sixteen million bales of cotton—what a different story there would be if half the elbow grease, and wear and tear on mules, that it took to make this world-full of cotton, had been employed in producing things that men and mules and hogs could eat.—Greensboro News.

Within the past 10 days there has been an inflow of new people to Charlotte to such an extent as to have become a matter of comment. There seems to be no particular reason for the increase of new people—just the natural growth of the town, perhaps. There can be no mistake about the fact, however, that it indicates a new era of expansion and prosperity for the city. Among the new comers are a number of fine people from Spencer, and that indicates that the railroad is doing something more for the town, in the enlargement of shop working facilities and in general yard occupation. The Spencer people are of the sort that bring big pay rolls with them, for they get the wages due to skilled workmen. Others of the new comers are here to embark in business of various kinds. It follows that there is more activity in house renting and new sources for supply of money for the trade channels of the city. The buds are swelling and Charlotte's census roll is growing!—Charlotte Observer.

With the German market for cotton about to be cut off again and with the end of the war by no means in sight, Southern cotton planting this spring must be conducted under discouraging conditions. The cry for a reduced cotton acreage has been heard all winter, and it will have a perceptible effect in the South as a whole. In Texas and Oklahoma particularly the planters are intelligent enough to reduce acreage. Present reports indicate a reduction of 25 per cent in Texas and 30 per cent in Oklahoma, while the increased acreage in oats and feedstuffs for home consumption is notable. Oklahoma is fortunately located. It can grow both cotton and wheat, and in this crisis, the wheat acreage will increase in the northern tier of counties, while the cotton acreage decreases in the southern tier. There is least hope of reducing cotton acreage and substituting forage and cereal crops in the black belt of states like Mississippi, Alabama and Georgia. The negroes who farm on a small scale, and often on loans of money advanced in the spring with the future crop as security, are so accustomed to raising cotton and nothing else that they are for the most part incapable of introducing suddenly new methods.—Springfield Republican.

McFarland Tours

OFFICIAL "TOUR AGENTS" PANAMA EXPOSITION.

We sell the Official Tours to the Exposition, and make all arrangements for your trip, whether you go as an individual or in our personally conducted parties.

Our special trains and expense paid features insure lowest rates and best accommodations. Ask us. Call, or write for folder.

GAYLORD-PLATT CO.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Easter Hats

The Gaylord-Platt Store
On Front Street

has had a Spring Opening with the greatest success of any for years. The assortment of Hats is unusually large and the prices are low this season. We have lots of beautiful Hats and Flowers and Ribbons and New Things in our Millinery Department. We had our Opening Thursday and Friday, and the store has been crowded with customers ever since, and we want your Millinery business. If we get it, we offer you the best assortment of goods to select from; Second, we trim all hats that are sold in our store free of charge, by the very best Milliners, and last, but not least, we give you much lower prices than other houses. It pays you from every standpoint to buy your millinery from us. It is no trouble to show you the goods.

Our Milliners are ladies of experience, and the sales ladies know how to help you to select what you want.

Do your Easter Shopping With Us.

GAYLORD-PLATT COMPANY

210-212-214 North Front St.

Copyright Hart Schaffner & Marx

SOME of the new checks in the spring clothes are particularly good; we're anxious for an opportunity to show you what we have here.

Hart Schaffner & Marx Clothes

use so large a variety of good fabrics, both imported and domestic, that there's no question about our being able to show you just the one you'll look best in.

Excellent values at $18 and up. Come and see the new Varsity models; especially Varsity Fifty-Five.

Ask to see our big line of Manhattan Shirts, both soft and stiff cuffs.

The A. David Company

The home of Hart Schaffner & Marx clothes

FLORIDA - CUBA - SOUTH

ONLY Through Sleeping Car Between WILMINGTON and ATLANTA

DAILY SCHEDULES:	No. 55	No. 51
Lv. Wilmington ...	3:45P.M.	5:25A.M.
Ar. Florence ...	7:30P.M.	9:20A.M.
Ar. Atlanta ...	6:00A.M.	....
Ar. Montgomery ...	11:30A.M.	....
Ar. New Orleans ...	8:55P.M.	....
Lv. Wilmington ...	3:45P.M.	5:25A.M.
Lv. Florence ...	7:55P.M.	9:40A.M.
Ar. Jacksonville ...	7:15A.M.	7:20P.M.
Ar Tampa ...	4:00P.M.	6:45A.M.
Ar. St. Petersburg ...	8:30P.M.	8:00A.M.
Ar. Fort Myers ...	10:20P.M.	12:05P.M.

PULLMAN CARS ON ALL TRAINS.

PHONE 160

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

THE STANDARD RAILROAD OF THE SOUTH

COMPLETE PROGRAMME FOR THE CHAUTAUQUA

Three Attractions Are Scheduled for Each Day

Splendid Entertainment for People of Wilmington and Vicinity During Week Beginning April 24th. Music and Lectures.

The complete programme for the Chautauqua which will be held in Wilmington during the week beginning April 24th has been received by Mr. J. B. Huntington, general secretary of the Y. M. C. A. The Chautauqua is to be given under the auspices of the Young Men's Christian Association and 1,100 season tickets have already been pledged. There will be three attractions each day, a lecture at 11 A. M., afternoon music and lecture at 3 P. M. and evening music and entertainment at 8 P. M.

The children's hour which proved so popular last year will also be a feature this year and will be under the direction of Miss Vivian Letto. This will take place every morning at 10 o'clock. Dr. Henry Clark will be superintendent.

The complete programme, as received yesterday by Secretary Huntington, is as follows:

First Day.

Afternoon — Introductory exercises and grand concert by "The Music Makers."

Evening—Concert by "The Music Makers. Lecture by Sylvester A. Long, "Lightning and Toothpicks."

Second Day.

Afternoon—Concert by the Savanroffs. Interpretative reading, "The Man from Home," by Wells Watson Ginn.

Evening—Concert by the Savanroffs. Lecture, "Taking Stock of the Town," by Frank Dixon.

Third Day.

Morning—Lecture, "The Finest of the Fine Arts," by Dr. Charles E. Baker.

Afternoon—Musical recital by Signor Giuseppe Bartollotta. Lecture "How to Live a Hundred Years," by Dr. Charles E. Barker.

Fourth Day.

Morning—Children's Hour: Indian folk tales and folk dances. Lecture by Dr. Clark.

Afternoon—Concert by Orchestral club. Lecture by Dr. Clark.

Evening—Concert by Orchestral club. Entertainment of magic by Taber "the Miracle Man".

Fifth Day.

Morning—Children's Hour: Russian folk tales and folk dances. Lecture by Dr. Clark.

Afternoon—Grand concert by Signor Pallaria and his band.

Evening—Grand concert by Signor Pallaria.

Sixth Day.

Morning—Children's Hourt: German folk songs and folk dances. Lecture by Dr. Clark.

Afternoon—Concert by Christine Giles-Bingham & Co. Lecture, "Political Patriotism," by Gov. Ashton C. Schallenberger, of Nebraska.

Evening—Joy Night, a mixture of fun and music by Ralph Bingham and Christine Giles-Bingham & Co.

Seventh Day.

Morning—Children's Hour: German vian folk tales and folk dances.

Afternoon—Dramatic lecture, "The Martyrdom of Fools," by Thomas Brooks Fletcher.

Evening—Song recital by Alice Nielson, one of world's most noted prima donnas.

The season tickets will be sold for $2.50. The charge for single admissions to all the attractions, according to the schedule of prices named by the Redpath Bureau, will be $7.50, so that it can be seen that there is a notable reduction for those holding season tickets.

BEFORE THE RECORDER.

Charlie Thomas, Colored, Given Sixty Days on County Farm.

Charlie Thomas, colored, was given 60 days on the county farm yesterday by Recorder Empie on a charge of assault with a deadly weapon. A. H. Melton, white, charged with one of the grosser offenses, will be tried at the next term of Superior Court. In default of bond in the sum of $1,000 he went to jail. A case against Sam Reaves, colored, whose brother was killed some days ago, charged with assaulting J. D. Sidbury, white, with a knife, was continued pending an investigation as to his sanity.

Ten colored men, arrested by the police Saturday night on charges of gambling, were required to pay one-half the costs each. They were Charles Smith, Charles Gausey, Lewis Farrow, Hunch Holly, James Brooks, O'Neill Boney, W. Berry, Walter Gust, Red Williams and Henry Hill.

George Vernon, white, was fined $5 and the costs on a charge of disorderly conduct. Ed Keathley was found not guilty of a similar charge.

Several were taxed with the costs for being drunk on the streets. Judgment was suspended in a case against Willie Allen, a colored boy, charged with assault, and he was placed in charge of his mother. Luck Huggins, colored, charged with housebreaking, was found not guilty.

OFFICERS ARE INSTALLED

Concord Chapter, Royal Arch Masons, Conducts Impressive Ceremony.

With the impressive rites of the order, the recently elected officers of Concord Chapter, No. 1, Royal Arch Masons, were installed last evening. They are as follows:

High Priest—Dr. John Thames.
King—W. R. Nye.
Scribe—E. W. Fonvielle.
Captain of the Hosts—H. L. Boyd.
Secretary—James H. Taylor, Jr.
Treasurer—O. E. Henry.
Principal Sojourner—C. L. Terry.
Royal Arch Captain—T. J. Moore.
Masters of the Veils—Messrs. Bethea, Allen and Nurnberger.
Tiler—H. K. Holden.

The chapter is arranging for an elaborate celebration of the 100th anniversary of its founding some time during the month of May.

Insurance Settled.

Mr. R. R. Stone, of the Stone Company, which a week ago suffered a fired at its store on Water street, stated last night that within a week of the fire his loss of in the neighborhood of $500 on the store was paid off and deposited in the bank. The insurance was through the agency of Col. Walker Taylor. The adjustment of the loss on the stock, which is considerable, has not yet been made.

SHAD FRY FOR LOCAL RIVERS

Both Branches of Cape Fear and Black River Also Will Receive Consignments This Spring.

Both branches of the Cape Fear river, and the Black river also, will receive liberal consignments of shad fry from the United States Bureau of Fisheries this spring, formal applications for the same, made through Congressman H. L. Godwin and Senator F. M. Simmons, by Messrs. W. H. Yopp, D. J. Fergus and J. B. Fales, well known local fish dealers, and other interested citizens, having been favorably acted upon.

The baby shad will be dilevered here later in the spring, and will be carried by launch up the Northeast, Northwest and Black rivers and liberated. This will be the first time in a number of years that the government has planted shad in these rivers, the bureau having withdrawn its co-operation in fish propogation by reason of the fact that the State had no laws for the proper protection of the fish. Since the passage by the recent General Assembly of of the State-wide Fisheries law, the Federal government has manifested a willingness to co-operate in every way in the effort to restore the North Carolina waters to their former well-stocked condition.

Shad are like salmon in their habits. Under the natural course of things, when the baby fish hatch in the headwaters of the streams, they remain in the fresh water until they attain a good size, then migrate to salt water and remain away until they are old enough to spawn. Then they return to the waters where they were born. Thus a shad, born in the Cape Fear, will always return to this river to spawn.

The planting of a liberal supply of small shad in the local rivers this spring will result in a few years in a plentiful supply of shad each spring.

The following letter from Congressman Godwin to Mr. W. H. Yopp, together with the copy of a letter received by Mr. Godwin from United States Fish Commissioner Hugh M. Smith, will be of interest:

"March 20, 1915.

"Mr. W. H. Yopp, Wilmington, N. C.

"My Dear Mr. Yopp: Your esteemed favor of recent date has been received and noted with much interest. I immediately took up the matter of supplying shad fry for the Cape Fear river with the Commissioner of the Bureau of Fisheries here and am in receipt of his reply, copy of which I am enclosing to you herewith for your information. The same is self-explanatory and no doubt the fish will be shipped in this spring's consignment.

"Yours very truly,
"H. L. Godwin."

"March 18, 1915.

"Hon. H. L. Godwin, Dunn, N. C.

"My Dear Sir: Your secretary, Mrs. Julia Bassett, recently referred to this office a letter addressed to you by a number of citizens of Wilmington, N. C., requesting that plants of shad fry be made in the Cape Fear river during the coming season. A similar letter addressed to Hon. F. McL. Simmons has also been referred to this bureau.

"In view of the recent action of the General Assembly of North Carolina in passing the State-wide fishery bill, it is the desire of the bureau to co-operate, if possible, more actively than ever before with the State authorities and to extend its fish cultural operations into new fields. Therefore, in response to the request of these gentlemen, and having in mind the interest you have heretofore manifested in the distribution of shad fry in the State of North Carolina, I shall be very glad to arrange to make liberal plants of shad in the Cape Fear river, and in any other waters in the State adapted to this species in which you are interested.

"Blanks upon which to make formal application for fish have been mailed to Messrs. J. B. Fales, D. J. Fergus and W. H. Yopp, and upon their return to this office arrangements will be made to forward liberal consignments of shad to the points indicated on the applications during this spring's distribution. It will not be practicable at this time to utilize the shad roe taken on the Cape Fear river, as the bureau has no facilities in this field for developing eggs. It is believed, however, that shad eggs taken in the Albemarle Sound region and developed at the bureau's station near Edenton, N. C., will be entirely satisfactory.

"Yours truly,
(Signed) "H. M. SMITH,
"Commissioner."

WILMINGTON OPTICAL COMPANY.

Dr. C. H. Trollinger, Recently of Raleigh, Locates Here.

One of the stands in the United Cigar Stores building at Front and Princess streets, now being handsomely fitted up, will be occupied on April 1st by the Wilmington Optical Co., of which Dr. C. H. Trollinger, recently of Raleigh, and interested in the optical department of the Mahler Jewelry Co., is proprietor.

Dr. Trollinger is a graduate and licensed optician of a number of years experience in some of the largest cities of the country and comes to Wilmington with the highest recommendations professionally and socially. For the present he and Mrs. Trollinger are stopping at the Orton, but later they expect to take apartments in the Cape Fear. They have both received a cordial welcome to the city, with which they are well pleased.

The Wilmington Optical Company will do both a wholesale and retail business and the quarters in the United building will be fitted with the very latest and most costly apparatus. Much of the lens grinding and other work now being sent out of Wilmington, Dr. Trollinger hopes in the future to have done here, where the facilities will be equal to that of any city in the country.

Wilmington-Made Basket.

The Star is indebted to its old friend, Mr. Oliver Carter, of Lingo City, who is nothing if not a "booster," for a remarkably fine specimen of a Wilmington-made "split" basket with handle, which retails for five cents and is about the "niftiest" proposition ever put out by a local manufacturing enterprise. The basket is made at a plant recently established here just beyond the Castle Haynes road crossing of the railroad tracks near Smith's Creek, by a Mr. Morser, who should succeed with the enterprise, if prices and quality are any commendation to the public.

Tug Arrives With Tow.

The tug Virginia, Capt. O. D. Burriss, with barge in tow, laden with phosphate rock for the Navassa Guano Company, arrived last night from Chisholm Island, near Charleston, S. C. The Virginia with tow has made several trips here already this season.

TESTS IN THE MEAT MARKETS

Health Department at Work to Determine Relative Cleanliness of Places Where Meat Is Sold.

As another step in the campaign to insure for Wilmington a pure food supply, the Health Department for the past month has been conducting a series of experiments for the purpose of determining the relative cleanliness of the meat markets of the city. Good progress has been made, though it will probably be May 1 before the tests are completed and the results are announced.

Discussing the matter yesterday, Dr. Charles T. Nesbitt, county health officer, stated that it has been shown by experiments in other cities that fresh meats which are exposed for sale in unclean markets are capable of transmitting diseases, even after being cooked.

"These meats," said Dr. Nesbtt, "when hung in the open air for advertising purposes, exposed to the dust and dirt from the streets, have been proved to collect very large numbers of disease germs and the germs of putrifaction. When the meat is allowed to hang so exposed for a short time, the germs penetrate the substance of the meat, practically to its center, and unless the meat is cooked at a high temperature for several hours, the germs inside are not killed by the heat, but remain alive and active.

"When meat exposed for sale is handled by prospective purchasers, a very great additional danger is created. If a person handling the meat is a typhoid carrier the meat will probably become infected with typhoid and reinfect any person eating it. A form of typhoid known as paratyphoid has been transmitted by meat so often, and so many epidemics have been caused by infected meats, that this disease has been described as a form of meat poisoning.

"The health department is collecting exact and convincing data on the subject, which, when complete, will show the true conditions existing in the meat markets of the city, and will form the basis of plans now being made for the better protection of the meat supply."

The tests being made, Dr. Nesbitt said, consisted of collecting bacteria in the market places by exposing culture plates to the air and then cultivating the germs and investigating their identity. Cultures are also taken from meats exposed for sale and from the meats kept in the refrigerators. It will require a considerable number of these tests, says Dr. Nesbitt, to furnish conclusive results, which the department hopes to announce, in detail, about May 1.

PRESENTED WITH WATCH

Members of Scottish Rite Give Token of Esteem to Mr. L. A. Scott.

As an evidence of their esteem and friendship for the efficient service rendered by him during his residence of four years in Wilmington, members of Johnson Blakely Lodge of Perfection, Scottish Rite Masons, last evening presented Mr. Leonard A. Scott, who leaves this evening for Norfolk, Va., with a handsome gold watch. The presentation in behalf of the lodge was made by Mr. W. A. McGirt.

The meeting was called to order by Venerable Master H. A. Huggins, who after expressing the deep appreciation of the fraternity for Mr. Scott, asked Mr. C. B. Newcomb, the secretary, to take the chair. Mr. Newcomb expressed the high regard that he personally felt for Mr. Scott and declared that in his life he had showed at all times that he was a Mason in spirit as well as in name. He assured him that the friendship of the members of the fraternity would follow him to his new home with their best wishes for his future success.

Mr. McGirt made the presentation in a short talk in which he emphasized the idea of service which he declared Mr. Scott had all times exemplified to a marked degree. He paid a tribute to the splendid work that he had done for the order and assured him that it was appreciated more than words could convey.

Mr. Scott was deeply moved by the kind words spoken of his service and life and in thanking the members for their token of regard said that words could not express his appreciation. Always he would keep the watch, he said, as a token of brotherly love and affection.

Mr. Scott has been appointed superintendent of Bradstreet's commercial agency at Norfolk, Va. His successor in Wilmington has not been announced.

CITY OF SAVANNAH IS REPORTED FROM ROTTERDAM

Vessel Steaming from Wilmington March 4th With Cotton, Arrived.

The arrival at Rotterdam of the American steamship City of Savannah, which steamed from Wilmington March 4th, clearing "for orders" with a cargo of 10,200 bales of cotton, was reported yesterday by the Associated Press. This is the second cargo of cotton the Savannah has carried to Rotterdam from Wilmington this season, but on the occasion of her first trip across the warring nations of Europe had not put into effect the blockade now prevailing. Both cargoes were consigned by Mr. D. H. Lippitt, of this city.

The City of Savannah is one of the Ocean Steamship Company's boats, and prior to entering the over-sea freight traffic, she was on a regular passenger run between New York and Savannah.

Mr. Thos. D. Meares, Jr., of this city, was on the vessel as supercargo on her voyage across this time, and Mr. John Harper, another young Wilmingtonian, who made the first trip, is also making this trip.

Real Estate Transfers.

Deeds were filed for record yesterday as follows: R. H. Bellamy and wife to Stephen Sneeden and wife, for $100 and other considerations, lot on south line of Wooster, 105 feet west of Ninth street, 40x230 feet in size; Mary E. Hall to R. C. Applewhite and wife, for $100 and other considerations, lot on northwest corner of Gwyn and Bay streets, 33x150 feet in size; Oscar Pearsall to J. W. Braswell, for $50 and other considerations, lot on south line of Market street road, three miles east of city of Wilmington, 120x200 feet in size; Wilmington Beach Corporation to Mrs. Lorelle Shafer, for $1 and other considerations, lot No. 5 in Block 3, Wilmington Beach.

Attractive Window Display.

One of the most attractive window displays in the down-town shopping district just at this time is that of Messrs. Peterson & Rulfs at No. 202 North Front street. Spring is the theme of the artistic background for a handsome showing of the new spring and summer shoes handled by the store, and the design has been cleverly executed and carried out.

BRISK MARCH WINDS BLOW

Spring Ushered in With Blustery Weather—Observer Felger Predicts General Mildness.

The March winds in Wilmington reached the velocity of a regular gale yesterday, making walking a rather precarious occupation. Observer Felger's instrument registered as high as 33 miles an hour and the briskness of the breeze made the velocity seem much higher than that. The average for the day was over 20 miles an hour which is a considerable breeze for points inland. Observer Felger says that the weather will be unsettled for several days, but predicts general mildness for today.

Those who have been looking for snow are destined to be disappointed as the weather bureau holds out little hopes in this direction. March so far has been very chilly. There have been only one or two days when atmospheric conditions have been normal.

Spring was formally ushered in Sunday, according to the almanac makers, this being the day when the sun crossed the line on its northward course. It will continue its journey northward until June 22 when it will again turn South.

Dr. Frank Schlessinger, director of the Allegheny Observatory, recently had the following to say about the seasons: "The time we call spring is the time in the oscillation of the sun from the South to the North that is an intermediate position. In its journey the sun reaches its highest point about the end of June, and its lowest about the end of December. After the last week of December and continuing into January and February, it climbs higher and higher until it reaches the half-way point called spring.

"March 21 will be the last day this year, and the ascension until June and the declination in July until June September 21 or 22, will reach the point termed 'fall.' That is, the second half-way point. The time varies as much as a day for 'spring,' depending on the year.

"The date March 21 is particularly important because from it Easter is computed. Easter varies from year to year. That day is established as the first Sunday after the full moon following the spring instant. Depending upon the moon Easter may occur in March or not until April.

"In computing the time for Easter there must first be the spring instant, then the full moon that follows, and then the Sunday following the moon before Easter."

The New York Department of Health recently issued the following warning with reference to the month of March:

"This is the time of year to avoid excesses of any kind with special care. Overwork and particularly worrp sap the vitality and prepare the way for disease, and an active but not hurried mind and body will accomplish most in the end.

"Alcohol is perhaps the most important of all factors in bringing on pneumonia and hardening the arteries, and the other diseases of later life. Chancellor Lloyd-George estimates that the abolition of vodka will increase the efficiency of the Russian people by from 30 to 50 per cent. and experienced physicians agree that he is right.

"People who get their share of rest and sleep and avoid stimulants and get out into the open air for moderate exercise will soon build up the spring period of renewed vitality, but this is a bad time for those who forget that good health rests on fresh air, good food, exercise, and rest.

"When we study the death-rates at different times of year we find year after year the death-rate for March is greater than for any other month in the year. At this season tuberculosis and pneumonia claim the greatest number of their victims, and so do the diseases of the nervous system and the circulatory system. Particularly March is the most dangerous month for old people. All of us are in poor condition after the long winter, the severe cold of outdoors, and the overheating indoors, and perhaps after the special strain of a season of specially hard work."

MEETING OF THE FISHING CLUB

Plans for Coming Season to Be Discussed Tonight at Y. M. C. A.

The members of the New Hanover Fishing club will meet at the Y. M. C. A. tonight at 8 o'clock for the purpose of discussing plans for the coming fishing season. All who are interested in salt water angling are invited to attend the meeting.

Despite the cold weather of the past few days, there are indications that the fish will be biting within a short time. Already Mr. C. W. Stewart, a member of the club, has landed his first fish of the season, the first to be caught on hook and line at Wrightsville Beach since last fall, so far as is known, not counting sheephead, which bite through the winter months.

Also, a fine lot of large trout and channel bass, the later weighing up to five and six pounds, caught with a seine between Moore's and Queen inlets, were marketed yesterday.

There is a keen rivalry among the membership of the club for the prize of $5 worth of fishing tackle for the first drum weighing over 10 pounds landed on rod and reel. In addition to the prize offered by the club, the Tidewater Power Company is offering five round, trip tickets over the suburban line provided the fish is caught on the island of Wrightsville.

When Wilmington People

Publicly Testify, It's Evidence Not to be Ignored.

When residents of Wilmington are willing to recommend Doan's Kidney Pills in this paper, is there any good reason to try a kidney, backache or bladder remedy that is not as well recommended?

W. L. Benson, 620 S. Second St., Wilmington, says: "My back ached nearly all the time and I couldn't straighten after stooping or lifting, without having a sharp pain in my loins. Mornings when I got up, I was very lame and sore, and I noticed that the kidney secretions contained sediment. Doan's Kidney Pills, procured at Bellamy's Drug Store, made me feel better in every way, and it was not long before I was enjoying the best of health. My advice to anyone suffering from kidney complaint is to try Doan's Kidney Pills."

Price 50c, at all dealers. Don't simply ask for a kidney remedy — get Doan's Kidney Pills—the same that Mr. Benson had. Foster-Milburn Co., Props., Buffalo, N. Y.

How to Increase Your Profits---
THE ROAD TO RICHES

Save at Least One-Fourth of What You Earn; Deposit This in The People's Savings Bank, where It will Work for You, earning 4 Per Cent. Interest, Compounded Quarterly.

When you make your money earn interest, you are on the road to wealth. Accounts can be opened at this Bank with $1.00 or More.

"OLD AND STRONG"
THE PEOPLES SAVINGS BANK
CORNER FRONT AND PRINCESS STS.

WHILE LIVING

would you think of allowing your closest friend to manage your affairs?

Yet either you **make** a will and name him to handle the estate after you are gone,

Or—you **do not** make a will and leave it to be handled by your nearest kin.

By appointing a Trust Company as executor, you assure yourself that experienced Officers will handle your estate.

The Wilmington Savings & Trust Company
TOTAL RESOURCES ……………$2,400,000.00

HOTEL WILMINGTON
European--Modern--Fireproof

One Block From
Terminal Station

MOST OF THEM ARE USING
IT NOW

Special Business Men's
Lunch In Cafe
Served From 12 to 2:30 p. m.
—50c—

If Its Shoes

WE CAN SUIT YOU

Carl F. Strunck & Co.
128 to 130 South Front Street. Phone 800-J

SEED
POTATOES

EARLY ROSE
IRISH COBBLER

Send in your orders. Cut Prices. Full line Canned Goods, Rice, Drugs, Cakes, Candies, Etc., at Wholesale.

A. B. Croom, Jr.,
Company
226 N. Water St., Wilmington, N. C.

Every Little Helps

To keep our force on the pay roll This money is spent here. We solicit your patronage on
MACHINE WORK, GEARS, ENGINES and BOILERS, IRON and BRASS CASTINGS.

——WORK GUARANTEED——

CAPE FEAR MACHINE WORKS
FOOT OF CHURCH ST. 'PHONE 213.

STRUCTURAL WORK

BEAMS — COAL SHUTTERS — STAIRWAYS
ANGLES — CHIMNEY BRACES — FIRE ESCAPES
CHANNELS — DOOR PLATES — STAR WASHERS
VENTILATORS — JOIST HANGERS

We make the Iron for all Builder at Right Prices. We carry the stock and get your orders out prompt. It pays to SEE US when it's made of Iron, Steel, Brass, or Other Metals

WILMINGTON IRON WORKS
"THE IRON MEN" FOOT OF ORANGE STREET

MADE BY HR Southern Map Company WILMINGTON N. C. TRADE MARK
BLUE-PRINTS

DAINTY
FLOUR
50 cts

Holmes Grocery
Phone 41 18 So. Front St.

3,000 lbs. Peanut Pops for sale cheap. This is feed for Hogs.

Regular Spanish, Improved Spanish, Red Spanish and Virginia Peanuts, for seed or for parching.

A full stock of other goods, usually carried in a wholesale grocery store.

Also Nails of all kinds.

Call and get our prices before buying elsewhere.

D. L. Gore Co.
Wholesale Grocers and Importers,
WILMINGTON, N. C.

FOR SALE

150 Bags Maine Grown Irish Cobbler Potatoes.

200 Barrels Large Mullets.

200 Bags Green Coffee.

Iron Safes, various makes.

Cuts of safes furnished upon application.

SAMUEL BEAR, SR.,
& SONS
Wholesale Grocers
Wilmington, N. C.
311 N. Front St.

SOCIAL and PERSONAL

Miss Frances Bachus, of Caldwell, N. J., is a guest at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James F. Post.

* * *

Mrs. Bevvie W. Madden, of Richmond, Va., is visiting her cousin, Mr. and Mrs. C. D. Gilbert, No. 214 Market street.

* * *

Miss Ruth Shaw, who has been visiting relatives at Clifton Springs, N. Y., for several months, arrived last night, and is at the home of her parents, Rev. and Mrs. W. M. Shaw.

* * *

The Clyde Line steamer Seminole, which arrived Sunday afternoon, had the following passenger list: Mrs. E. A. Hughes, Miss Susan Purdy, Dr. W. Hill, Dr. G. E. Bowdoin, and Mr. Otto Euler.

* * *

Mr. and Mrs. Dennis Lee have returned from Petersburg, Va., where they went to atetnd the funeral of Mr. Lee's brother, Mr. Grover Lee, whose death occurred at his home near there last Tuesday night.

* * *

The Missionary Study Class of the Women's Missionary Society, of the St' Matthew's Evangelical Lutheran church will meet this afternoon at 4 o'clock at the home of Mrs. C. L. Williamson, No. 505 Walnut street.

* * *

INVITATIONS OUT FOR SNEAD-POST NUPTIALS.

Friends here and elsewhere have received handsomely engraved invitations reading as follows:

Mr. and Mrs. James Francis Post
request the honor of your presence
at the marriage of their daughter
Lydia Benita
to
Mr. Herbert Scott Snead
Wednesday afternoon, April 7th
one thousand, nine hundred and
fifteen
at five forty-five o'clock
Grace Church
Wilmington, North Carolina.

PERSONAL PARAGRAPHS.

—Rev. Paul Britt, of Lumberton, was in the city yesterday on his way home from Southport and other points in Brunswick county, where he spent the past week-end.

—Herbert McClammy and K. C. Sidbury, Esqs., left last night for Raleigh to appear before the Supreme Court today in cases which have been appealed from this district.

—Messrs. Thomas Hampton, Eldridge E. Jordan and Robert Roosevelt, of Washington, D. C.; E. D. Kenna, of New York, and N. B. McCanless, of Salisbury, all prominent business men, are guests at the Hotel Wilmington.

LOCAL DOTS.

—Telephone patrons are requested to add to their directory the number 981, for W. Bornemann, this having been omitted from the new directory, which was recently issued.

—Probable cause was found yesterday by Justice W. B. Savage in a case against Roy Street, white, charged with forcible trespass and he gave bond for his appearance before the Recorder this morning. He was also charged with assault and was taxed with the costs in this case. It was alleged that he took a bicycle away from Laurie Mareen, a 14-year-old white boy.

—Policeman J. O. Bullard was the busiest man on the police force, last night, having arrested George Fisher, colored, on a warrant charging him with acrrying concealed weapons; Emma Hughes, colored, on two warrants, charging disorderly conduct and indecent exposure, and Jessie Thomas, a white woman, on a warrant charging violation of the prohibition law. The latter gave bond for her appearance before the Recorder today, while the negroes went to jail.

PROF. J. LIBERTY TADD AT HEMENWAY TONIGHT.

Well Known Philadelphia Educator to Make Address on Manual Training.

Prof. J. Liberty Tadd, of Philadelphia, who arrived in Wilmington Sunday and is a guest at the Hotel Wilmington, will deliver an address on manual training at the Hemenway school this evening at 8:30 o'clock. He is recognized as one of America's authorities in manual training and his address will be one of great interest. The lecture will be illustrated with stereopticon slides. In addition to the lecture he will also give a demonstration of rapid chalk drawing this evening.

There will be no charge for admission and the public is cordially invited to be present. This is the second of the series of lectures on current topics of interest which has been arranged for this school.

Prof. Tadd visited the Hemenway school yesterday morning and talked to the children of the higher grades on the subject of drawing. He showed them some of the elementary principles of drawing and finger manipulation.

He will today visit the other schools in the city and will probably make short talks at several of them. He is returning home from a visit of six weeks in Florida.

DAIRY EXPERT WILL TALK.

Mr. W. H. Eaton to Address Housewives' League This Afternoon.

Mr. W. H. Eaton, of the North Carolina Agricultural Experiment Station, Raleigh, will attend the regular meeting of the Housewives' League, in the Merchants' Exhibit Room on Chestnut street, this afternoon at 4 o'clock, and will deliver an address on "Milk Production."

All members of the League are urged to be present, and invitations are also extended to the dairymen of New Hanover county to attend and hear Mr. Eaton.

M'NEILL IN GOLDSBORO

Is Information Received by Chief of Police Williams.

Chief of Police Williams has received information that Cornelius McNeill, colored, wanted in Wilmington on a charge of killing Robert Reaves, also colored, a few nights ago, is in Goldsboro. This was learned through a letter received in this city by a friend from McNeill, who requested that $15 he had in a local bank be sent to him.

Chief Williams telegraphed the Goldsboro authorities last night to arrest McNeill and also wrote them a letter, but nothing had been heard from them at a late hour

REVIVAL SERVICES BEGIN

First Union Noon Service at Grand Theatre Yesterday—Meetings in the Churches Largely Attended.

Evangelistic services in the different churches of the city are now in progress and the indications are that much lasting good will be accomplished. With one exception, all the visiting ministers, who are to assist in the meetings, arrived yesterday or last night. The first noon service in the Grand Theatre was held yesterday and while not largely attended proved to be a very profitable one for those present.

Rev. Dr. A. D. McClure, pastor of St. Andrew's Presbyterian church, conducted the service and made a very helpful address. The service was opened with prayer by Rev. J. A. Sullivan. Rev. E. R. Welch, of the Oklahoma conference, who preached at Grace Methodist church last night, made the closing prayer. The benediction was pronounced by Rev. F. B. Clausen.

Rev. Dr. J. H. Foster, pastor of the First Baptist church, will conduct the service today. The singing will be in charge of Rev. A. J. Parker, pastor of Fifth Street Methodist church. The services will last for just 30 minutes and the public is cordially invited to attend.

Large congregations are attending the meetings at St. Andrew's Presbyterian church. Rev. Dr. Oliver G. Jones is preaching strong Gospel sermons. Services are held at 3:30 and 8 o'clock.

Rev. R. L. Gay, of Washington, N. C., arrived yesterday afternoon and preached his first sermon to a large congregation at Calvary Baptist church last night. There is deep interest and there have already been several additions to the church.

Rev. A. L. Ormond, of Maxton, also arrived yesterday, and is assisting Rev. T. G. Vickers at Bladen Street Methodist church. Services are held every night at 8 o'clock.

Rev. A. L. Stanford, of Hickory, is expected to arrive today to assist Rev. J. D. Bundy at Grace Methodist church.

Rev. Dr. J. F. Vines, of Anderson, S. C., arrived last night and will preach his first sermon at the First Baptist church tonight at 8 o'clock.

Rev. R. M. Maxey, of Suffolk, Va., arrived yesterday afternoon and preached his first sermon at Fifth Street Methodist church last night.

Other churches which are holding evangelistic services this week are: Trinity Methodist church and Immanuel Presbyterian church.

LAST NUMBER WAS FITTING CLOSE FOR BRIGADE COURSE

Avon Sketch Club Delighted Large Audience at Armory Last Night.

To have had the worst case of the blues chased away in a minute of time, to have been privileged to forget all trouble and worry of every description and laugh one's self to his or her heart's content, one need only to have participated in the delights of the entertainment at the Armory of the Boys' Brigade last evening, where the Avon Sketch Club held the attention of another large audience for nearly two hours in one of the most delightfully varied forms of entertainment presented here in many a day. In a program consisting of solos, trios and duos, vocally, and instrumental numbers performed on a quartette of Banjos; in recitations which made the old Armory ring with a loud and long laughter, genuine and hearty; in a most laughable skit paraphrasing the peace and quietness that should pervade the ordinary hospital, all this and more served to keep the large audience in one continual roar from start to finish. It was simply a charming melange of nothingness, delightfully served by most gifted of entertainers. Possibly best expressed in the reply of one of the fair sex in response to the question as to how she liked it, that it might be properly termed "Duke's Mixture," the best of its kind, undoubtedly.

With this number, another season of enjoyment was brought to a close at the now popular Armory, and also marks the severance of relations with one whose connection with it in all its aspects, has placed it on the high plane it now enjoys. From a small beginning, these entertainments each year have grown until it marks an event eagerly anticipated each year. The class of attractions has been marked in its improvement until it has reached, in this season, its pinnacle. The credit for this high standard belongs to Mr. Chas. Dushan, to whose untiring efforts, to whose keen perception as to the standard that should be set and maintained, to one whose interest and enthusiasm has always been to get the best for his people and patrons obtainable, to his affability and courtesy, has made the Auditorium almost too small to hold the number who have sought admission. It gives this writer pleasure to thus add tribute and praise to one whose efforts have been crowned with abundant success and to wish him luck in the future, always. "MUSICUS."

FIRE IN NEGRO CHURCH.

Discovery by Mrs. J. W. Blomme Prevents Serious Conflagration.

Mrs. J. W. Blomme while passing along Red Cross street, near her home early last night discovered that St. Stephen's A. M. E. church was on fire and ran immediately to the Fourth Street engine house to notify the firemen, whose efficient work undoubtedly prevented a serious conflagration. The fire was caused by a defective flue and the total loss is estimated at about $3,000, much of which was due to the water used in extinguishing the blaze. The roof was badly damaged.

Work has been going on recently on an addition to the structure, which is one of the leading colored churches in the city, and it is supposed that fire was left in a stove yesterday.

Pass Christian, Miss., March 22.—Lynne Castle, one of the best known hotels on the Gulf coast, and including among its guests Speaker Champ Clark, Mrs. Clark and their daughter, Genevieve, was seriously damaged by fire today. The guests saved their effects. The loss is estimated at between $50,000 and $75,000.

CAPT. T. D. MEARES IMPRESSED

Thinks Pan-American States Association Has Wonderful Field Before It—Saw Mr. Greenamyer.

Capt. Thos. D. Meares, city clerk and treasurer, who, together with Councilman D. N. Chadwick, spent last week in New York negotiating the sale of a city bond issue, is very much impressed with the Pan-American States Association, organized for the promotion of a larger trade with the South American countries, and with which Mr. C. E. Greenamyer, formerly general manager of the Fidelity Trust & Development Co., of this city, is connected in an official capacity.

Capt. Meares saw Mr. Greenamyer while he was in New York and he also had an opportunity of seeing something of the work that the association is doing. Pending the erection of its own building, which will be located at 57th and Broadway, the association has rented quarters where it is carrying on active work looking toward the development of a larger South American trade. Capt. Meares stated that quite a number of South American business men were stopping at his hotel, and that they are now buying liberally in this country goods they formerly secured from Europe. One South American dealer, said Capt. Meares, purchased $48,000 worth of automobiles while he was in New York, and paid cash for the machines.

The membership of the association is and will be composed of merchants and manufacturers all over the United States, and its headquarters later will be in its own building, which, according to present plans, will be the tallest structure in the world. A famous architect is now at work on the plans, and it is expected to begin work on the building this summer.

In this building will be display rooms for goods manufactured and sold by the members, also comfortable lodgings for the members visiting New York and for visiting South American buyers, information bureaus, interpreters and everything to facilitate trade with the countries to the south. Of course a large part of the structure will be devoted to offices, which will be rented.

Capt. Meares thinks the association has a big field before it, and he is very much impressed with the progress that has already been made toward developing this field. Mr. Greenamyer, he says, is very much pleased with the outlook, and is enthusiastic over the prospects for the future.

OTHERS LYING TO KEEP UP COURAGE

(Continued from Page One.)

problem—one which we are meeting sufficiently, however.

"Talk of a scarcity of ammunition and other supplies of war is rank nonsense. We have an ammunition factory able to meet our demands and there is in operation a plant in which we are able to turn out field artillery. You are at liberty to inspect both.

"The resources of this country in men fit for military service have been a surprise to me. We don't have to take men from Turkey-in-Europe for service in the Caucasus and against Egypt. Right now we are raising several corps in Anatolia. We have in Turkey-in-Europe six army corps to give a proper reception to any force which may undertake to land on these shores. The spirit of our troops is excellent.

"The stories alleging that the Turkish troops in the Caucasus and elsewhere are dying in droves are inventions. There has been some sickness and there has been in all other armies. A good many of our men have had their hands and feet frozen. The winter in the Caucasus has been bad. The American ambassador here deserves great credit for his efforts to get sanitary supplies to our troops.

"There is nothing to be said about the much advertised defeat of our troops in the Caucasus. The Russians simply magnified the affair out of all proportions as to what actually occurred. We have not gone to the trouble of issuing a detailed denial because we don't think it worth while.

"The performance of the Russians in the Caucasus has been pitiful. They have a railroad line into the theatre of war. We have none. They can bring up their supplies on trains. We must carry them for miles and miles on pack animals and camels.

"Whether or not we intend invading Egypt is a political question on which I have no right to speak. What I can say is that the Suez canal will be crossed by the Ottoman troops just as it was crossed two weeks ago. We will soon have a railroad at our disposal and until that time nobody need count on a general crossing of the canal. The men who crossed the canal marched through the desert for over 200 kilometers. We are not foolish enough to imagine that a large organization could do it. We could do it, however, if we had water. We are getting that. How I cannot say.

"Meanwhile, we have tied up in Egypt a large British force. But that force will not be large enough when we are in a position to assume a general offensive. The fact is that some people are lying to keep up their courage. We don't have to do that. We know exactly what there is before us, and are acting accordingly.

"I consider the general military situation of Turkey and her allies the best since the outbreak of the war. The German and Austro-Hungarian armies have done wonders."

CLEANING UP OF SUBURBS.

Street Department Forces Worked Carolina Heights and Place.

The second week of the Clean Up and Paint Up campaign opened yesterday morning, with Carolina Heights and Carolina Place, the recentliy annexed suburbs, as the scene of the activities of the Street Department forces, and 119 loads of trash and rubbish were removed from there yesterday. This trash is all being dumped in Macomber's ditch.

Today Superintendent McAllister's men will work toward and to Delgado, though the regular trash carts will be in the city, working east and west. Mr. McAllister expects to put all the forces back at work in the city by tomorrow.

Splendid results have been accomplished thus far, and by the end of the campaign Wilmington promises to be really the city beautiful.

U. S. Court Sale.

Of the Haar Stock of Dry Goods and Fixtures continues until sold. Court appraisers have reduced prices below wholesale cost. (advertisement.)—tf

VALIER'S BEST PATENT DAINTY FLOUR
VALIER & SPIES MILLING CO.
Manufactured From SELECTED WINTER WHEAT OF BEST QUALITY

What wheat?

There is only one wheat good enough for Valier's Dainty Flour—the *best.*

And to make sure of the best we send our buyers right out to the wheat fields to personally pick the choicest wheat raised.

Valier's Dainty Flour

sometimes costs a trifle more by the sack, but being so fine, it makes more in baking. And then it makes a whiter, lighter, more delicious biscuit—and cake and pastry too. Get a sack of this superfine flour today.

Valier's Romance Self-Rising Flour is Valier's Dainty flour with self-rising ingredients, mixed in accurate proportions. Requires no salt or baking powder. Try it, too.

The Corbett Co., Wholesale Distributors, Wilmington

ANNUAL DINNER LAST NIGHT

Officers of United Society of St. George and St. Andrew Installed—Enjoyable Programme.

The annual dinner of the United Society of St. George and St. Andrew at the Hotel Wilmington last night was a most enjoyable affair. Officers for the ensuing year were installed, following which was a delightful programme of music. Mr. R. E. Tapp was toastmaster and a number of the member responded to toasts.

The elaborate banquet was served in the handsome dining room of the hotel. The decorations were especially pretty, being a combination of American and English flags in a pretty color effect, arranged by Mrs. A. M. Thomson. The committee on arrangements for the occasion was composed of Messrs. A. Murray Thomson, chairman, Joseph Sharrock and John Mather.

The officers installed for the coming year are as follows: President, Mr. Bertham Quelch; vice president, Mr. Robert Scott; secretary, Mr. D. H. Scott; treasurer, Mr. W. O. S. Southerland; chaplain; Rev. W. E. Cox.

Toasts were given by the following gentlemen: "The Society—Its Aims and Objects," Mr. Bertram Quelch; "America—Our Adopted Country," Mr. Robert Scott; "The King," Mr. J. Sharrock; "The Old North State," Mr. J. P. Quelch; "The British Forces on Land and Sea," Capt. Donald MacRae; "The Home Land," Mr. L. Riordan; "Friends Across the Sea," Mr. W. Grant; "Our Guests," Mr. J. F. Sears.

The following musical programme was rendered during the evening:

Piano selection, "A Night Wi' Burns," Mr. W. G. Robertson.

Song by Mr. F. Lomas.

Piano selection by Mr. R. Hunt.

Song, "The Vagabond," Mr. W. O. S. Southerland.

Song, "A Lum Hat Wantin' a Croon," Mr. J. A. Stewart.

Song, "Phil, the Fluter's Ball," Mr. A. M. Thomson.

Quartette, "It's a Long Way to Tipperary," Messrs. W. O. S. Southerland, F. Lomas, J. A. Stewart and A. M. Thomson. Messrs. W. G. Robertson and R. Hunt were accompanists on the piano.

The programme was closed with the singing of "Auld Lang Syne" by all present.

Following is the menu for the dinner:

Oyster Cocktail
Celery Queen Olives
Chicken Gumbo
Broiled Roe Shad—Maitre d'Hotel
Pommes au Natural
Lamb Crops a'la Robinson
Brussels Sprouts
Roast Young Turkey—Oyster Dressing
Duchesse Potatoes Green Peas
Asparagus Tips—Vinigrette
Tutti-Frutti Ice Cream
Assorted Cakes
Roquefort Cheese Toasted Crackers
Cafe Noir.

Those present were: Messrs. Bertram Quelch, J. P. Quelch, Robert Scott, D. H. Scott, W. O. S. Southerland, Newton Fisher, Joseph Sharrock, A. M. Thomson, J. M. Mather, William Grant, L. Riordan, R. Hunt, H. G. Smallbones, James Brown, J. A. Stewart, W. G. Robertson, W. Ingraham, R. E. Tapp, F. Lomas, James F. Sears, V. R. C. King, G. Wheeler, A. M. Cross, T. Huntter, Lewis West, J. W. Lord, J. A. Houston, S. Mosgrove and Capt. Donald MacRae.

WILMINGTON WITNESSES IN CARTER INVESTIGATION

Several Left Last Night for Raleigh to Testify Before Committee.

Hon. John D. Bellamy, Major W. N. Harriss, Clerk of Superior Court, and Messrs. J. Allan Taylor and C. C. Covington yesterday and last night for Raleigh to testify before the committee which is investigating the charges against Judge Frank Carter. Other Wilmingtonians who have been subponaed, it is understood, are Messrs. B. C. Moore and W. J. Blow, former clerk at the Orton. Mr. Moore did not go to Raleigh last night.

Several of those who went last night will bear testimony to the good character of Judge Carter. "You can just say for me," said one, "that I was not subpoenaed by the State."

T. W. Davis, Esq., who is one of the attorneys for Solicitor Abernathy, is in Raleigh.

WILL OPEN SATURDAY

Division Superintendent of United Cigar Stores Here.

Mr. C. H. Williamson, division superintendent of the United Cigar Stores, has arrived to superintend the opening of the local branch, in the remodeled building at Front and Princess streets, formerly occupied by Mr. I. Shirer, next Saturday. The furnishings arrived yesterday and are being installed. The building had been divided into three stores, two facing on the front and one on Princess street. The larger one, facing on Front street, will be occupied by the United store.

Mr. P. G. McLean, a native of North Carolina, but for some time located in Atlanta, with the United Cigar Stores there, will be manager of the local branch, and is expected to arrive here tomorrow. Several local young men will be employed as clerks.

Harrissonburg, Va., March 22.—A. M. Spitzer, a prosperous farmer of Rockingham county, today shot and killed his wife and then himself. Domestic troubles are said to have caused the tragedy.

WOOLWORTH LEASE FILLED

Is For 12 Years at Annual Rental of $5,000.

A copy of the lease from Mr. Samuel Bear, Jr., trading as Morris Bear & Bro., to the F. W. Woolworth Company, of New York, for the stores at No. 110 and 112 North Front street, was filed for record in the office of the register of deeds yesterday. Previous mention has been made of the fact that the Woolworth Company had leased the building.

The lease is for a period of 12 years, from October 1, 1915, to October 1, 1927 and the rental is $5,000 a year, to be paid in monthly installments of $416.66.

The two stores are at present occupied by the French Millinery Parlors and the Sterchi-Bancroft-Rich Company.

A. D. BROWN

The Store That Sells Wooltex Clothes for Women.

New Flowered Taffeta Silks

Just Uncased, some Beautiful Flowered Taffeta Silks, printed on backgrounds of Navy, Old Rose, Belgian Blue, Green; also Black.

Dance Creations

Wonderful Novelty Dancing Feature, with Brown and Dolly, Stars in "Hello, Broadway!" See Their Great Characteristic Dance Specialties.

"THE LOST LEDGE"

Daring Marie Walcamp and That Sterling Actor, William Clifford, in a Hunt for Lost Aztec Gold. Thrilling Two-Reel Drama of Love, Rivalry and Money Power.

"Fatty's and Mabel's Wash Day"

Two of Filmdom's Biggest Favorites in a Keystone Scream.

"HIS LESSON"

Mutual Drama, Featuring Billie West.

"The Spirit of Giving"

Mutual, Featuring Virginia Kirtley and Joseph Harris.

BIJOU

"RUNAWAY JUNE"

NEW GRAND TODAY

Also the Third Prize Winner of the Sun-Scenario Contest.

"Mother's Roses"

In Three Great Reels. Direct from the Vitagraph Theatre, New York.

Only Five Cents

Take Care of Your Earnings

Said a noted business man in a recent address before an assemblage of rising young men. It is a well known saying that money is more easily earned than saved. Of course an account, no matter how small, in a good savings bank is always a stimulus to those who want to save but lack a system. We solicit small accounts, paying interest at the rate of four per cent., compounded quarterly.

START TODAY

HOME SAVINGS BANK

Cor. Front and Chestnut Sts. Home Bank Building.

"OLIVER CHILLED PLOWS"

Oliver Plows Have Been the Standard for Three Generations

More Than 2,500,000 in Actual Use.

They stand first and foremost for excellence, durability, fine finish, long wearing and perfect scouring and turning qualities. Sold by good merchants.

W. E. SPRINGER & CO.

DISTRICT AGENTS.

Purcell Building. Wilmington, N. C.

Manhattan Shirts

Spring and Summer Styles In Silks, Pongees, Madras, Percales, and Crepes

Such Rays of Colors and Patterns Have Never Before Been on Display

J. M. SOLKY & CO.

No. 9 North Front Street Phone 617

IT'S A BEAUTY!

Have You Seen the New Overland Six? Wonder of the New York and Chicago Shows?

PRICE $1,475 F. O. B. TOLEDO

Demonstration Car Just Unloaded at Our Garage. Drop in at Any Time.

LASSITER-McDUFFIE CO., Inc.

HUDSON. OVERLAND. WHITE.

Garage: 114 North Second Street Phone 614

:: THE ORTON ::

WILMINGTON, N. C.

RUNNING WATER, STEAM HEAT IN ALL ROOMS, NEW TILED BATH ROOMS.

—RATES—

AMERICAN PLAN .... Without Bath $3.00 Per Day
AMERICAN PLAN .... With Bath, $3.50 to $4.00 Per Day
ROOMS ONLY .... Without Bath, $1.00 Per Day
ROOMS ONLY .... With Bath, $1.50 to $2.00 Per Day

OUR TABLE IS NOTED FOR ITS EXCELLENCE.

C. E. HOOPER, Manager.

Notice to Kerosene Engine Owners AND USERS OF SAW OIL

We have a limited quantity of discolored 150 deg. Oil we offer you at a Bargain. Pay you to Ask for Prices.

CAPE FEAR OIL CO.

WILMINGTON, N. C.

W. B. THORPE & CO.

Coal and Builders' Supplies

Prompt Service and Satisfaction Guaranteed.

FINANCIAL AND COMMERCIAL

JANUARY ABOVE 10 CENTS

Cotton Shows Renewed Firmness, with Prices Making New High Records for the Season.

New York, March 22. — Cotton showed renewed firmness today, with prices making new high seasonable records on July and later positions, and with January contracts selling through the ten cent level. Considerable realizing was encountered, but was well absorbed, and the market closed firm, at a net advance of 10 to 17 points.

The opening was steady, at a net advance of 5 to 8 points on the steady Liverpool cables, which showed a full response to Saturday's gains in the American markets. Prices here ruled generally steady to firm, reaching the highest point late in the day. A good deal of the buying was attributed to replacing by old longs while there was also fresh investment buying, covering of shorts and considerable demand from houses with Liverpool connections. Reports that the department of agriculture was contemplating preliminary investigation of the acreage, results of whichh might be published in April, probably inspired part of the buying, as acreage figures are expected to show a sharp reduction and some attention also was attracted by reports of low temperature in the Southwest, which were thought likely to delay new crop planting.

Cotton futures closed firm.

Month:	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.
Mar		8.79	8.86	8.82
May	9.00	9.10	9.00	9.08
July	9.32	9.41	9.30	9.39
Oct	9.64	9.74	9.61	9.73
Dec	9.82	9.95	9.81	9.94

Spot cotton, quiet; middling uplands, 9.15; sales, 2,400 bales.

THE PORT MOVEMENT.

New Orleans — Middling, 8.38; receipts, 6,273; sales, 2,130; stock, 358,419.

Galveston — Middling, 8.95; receipts, 14,045; exports, 11,089; sales, 2,209; stock, 386,076.

Mobile—Middling, 8.25; receipts, 211; sales, 275; stock, 39,582.

Savannah — Middling, 8.38; receipts, 5,204; exports, 4,200; sales, 2,520; stock, 195,901.

Charleston—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 2,825; stock, 96,393.

Wilmington—Middling, 8¼; receipts, 5,872; exports, 12,278; stock, 53,066.

Texas City—Receipts, 3,984.

Norfolk—Middling, 8.33; receipts, 6,328; sales, 1,861; stock, 83,720.

Baltimore—Middling, 8½; stock, 2,905.

Boston—Middling, 9.05; receipts, 473; stock, 12,900.

Philadelphia — Middling, 9.40; receipts, 14; stock, 8,868.

New York—Middling, 9.15; exports, 415; stock, 133,935.

Minor Ports—Exports, 14,481; stock, 83,702.

Total today—Receipts, 47,229; exports, 42,463; stock, 1,455,467.

Total for the week—Receipts, 968,022; exports, 108,517.

Total for season—Receipts, 8,821,006; exports, 6,256,851.

Interior Movement.

Houston — Middling, 8.90; receipts, 14,131; shipments, 13,254; sales, 6,464; stock, 158,165.

Memphis — Middling, 8.25; receipts, 4,736; shipments, 4,967; sales, 3,100; stock, 211,223.

Augusta — Middling, 8.38; receipts, 815; shipments, 169; sales, 1,040; stock, 126,401.

St. Louis—Middling, 8.88; receipts, 1,732; shipments, 2,104; sales, 270; stock, 37,229.

Cincinnati—Receipts, 460; shipments, 145; stock, 19,153.

Little Rock—Middling, 8.35; receipts, 1,039; shipments, 1,246; sales, 1,246; stock, 44,549.

Dallas—Middling, 8.30; sales, 1,879.

Total today—Receipts, 22,913; shipments, 21,884; stock, 606,720.

LIVERPOOL COTTON MARKET.

Liverpool, March 22. — Cotton: Spot, firm; good middling, 5.67; middling, 5.33; low middling, 4.93; sales, 8,000; speculation and export, 1,000. Receipts, 17,000.

Futures, steady. May-June, 5.24; June-July, 5.29; July-August, 5.36; October-November, 5.51; January-February, 5.60.

NEW YORK MONEY MARKET.

New York, March 22. — Mercantile paper, 3½. Sterling exchange, weak. Sixty day bills, 4.7875; for cables, 4.7915; for demand, 4.7885. Bar silver, 50⅝. Mexican dollars, 38½. Government bonds, steady. Railroad bonds, irregular. Time loans, steady; sixty days, 2½; ninety days, 2½@2¾; six months, 3¼. Call money, steady; ruling rate, 1¾.

DRY GOODS MARKET.

New York, March 22. — Cotton goods market, steady today. Yarns, quiet. Importers bought fine domestic dress goods freely to replace foreign stocks that have become exhausted here. Raw silk, steady. Jobbers reported a fair mail order trade.

NEW ORLEANS COTTON.

Market Reaches New High Levels and Closes 7 to 14 Points Up.

New Orleans, March 22.—Cotton again went to new high levels for the season today, standing at the best 9 to 15 points over last week's close and closing at a net gain of 7 to 14 points. The December option went to 9.62 and bearish claims were that such prices for the fall months would make it appear that full acreage would be planted.

The market held very steady at the advance, the ring finding it difficult at all times to supply the demand, and it was supported in a most determined manner throughout the session. There were no new bullish features of consequence.

Although there has been much talk recently of smaller exports foreign clearances for the day were 42,463 bales, making clearances thus far this week 108,517 bales, a large outward movement for this time of the year. This showing led to short covering in the afternoon.

Futures closed: March 8.62; May 8.81; July 9.08; October 9.43; December 9.61.

Spot cotton steady; quotations revised; middling 13 up, or 8.38. Sales on spot 1,330 bales; to arrive 800.

VALUES IN WHEAT SHRINK

Effect of Surrender of Przemysl and a Rumor That Italy Had Declared War.

Chicago, March 22. — Wheat values shrunk today on the surrender of Przemysl, and unconfirmed rumors that Italy had declared war. Closed heavy, 1¼ to 3½ under Saturday night.

Corn finished ⅝ to ¾c. off, oats down ⅛ to ¾, and provisions at 10@12½ to 22½ decline.

Grain and provisions:
Wheat—May, 1.51¾; July, 1.20⅞.
Corn—May, 73; July, 75⅝.
Oats—May, 59; July, 54¼.
Pork—May, 17.30; July, 17.75.
Lard—May, 10.17; July, 10.45.
Ribs—May, 9.92; July, 10.25.
Cash grain:
Wheat—No. 2, red, 1.54@1.57½; No. 2, hard, 1.57½@1.61¾.
Corn—No. 2, yellow, 73½.

MARINE.

Arrived.

Str. New Orleans, Hudgins, Baltimore, Baltimore-Carolina Steamship Co.

Cleared.

Str. Seminole, Packer, Georgetown, C. J. Becker, agent.

Str. New Orleans, Hudgins, Georgetown, Baltimore-Carolina Steamship Co.

MARINE DIRECTORY.

List of Vessels in Port at Wilmington, North Carolina.

Steamers.

Str. Citta de Messina (It.), 1,557 tons, Chissone, Alexander Sprunt & Son.

Str. Nicaria (Ger.), 2,289 tons, Hollasch, Heide & Co.

Str. Kiel (Ger.), 2,872 tons, Linke, at Southport, Heide & Co.

Schooners.

Schr. Willena Gertrude (Br.), 271 tons, Merriam, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

Schr. William Thomas Moore, 261 tons, Jones, C. D. Maffitt & Co.

Schr. Granville R. Bacon, 329 tons, Bennett, Tidewater Grocery Co.

WILMINGTON MARKETS.

(Quoted Daily by the Wilmington Chamber of Commerce.)

STAR OFFICE, March 22.

SPIRITS TURPENTINE—Steady, at 41½c.

ROSIN—Quiet, $2.80 per barrel for large; $2.70 per barrel for small.

TAR—Quiet, $1.50 per barrel; 7c. per gallon.

CRUDE TURPENTINE—Steady, $2.75 per barrel for soft; $2.75 per barrel for virgin; $1.50 per barrel for hard.

Quotations same day last year—Spirits turpentine, steady, 45¾. Rosin, firm, $3.70. Tar, firm, $2.00-9c. Crude Turpentine, firm, $3.50, $3.50, $2.25.

RECEIPTS.

Spirits Turpentine .... (—)
Rosin .... (—)
Tar 34
Crude Turpentine .... (—)

Receipts —Same day last year: Spirits turpentine, 0 casks; rosin, 0 barrels; tar, 0 barrels; crude turpentine, 0 barrels.

COTTON MARKET.

Market — Steady, at 8¼c.; quotations same day last year, nominal.

Receipts, 5,852 bales; same day last year, 735 bales.

Total receipts since September 1st, to date, 201,516 bales.

Total receipts to same day last year, 359,670 bales.

BY RIVER AND RAIL.

Receipts of Cotton and Naval Stores at This Port Yesterday.

Wilmington, March 22.

Atlantic Coast Line—5,565 bales cotton; 34 barrels tar.

Seaboard Air Line—287 bales cotton.

Total—5,852 bales cotton; 34 barrels rosin.

PRODUCE MARKETS.

(Quoted by W. J. Meredith, March 20.)

CORN—$2.10 per sack.

PEAS—Black eyed peas, $2.50 per bu.; cow peas, market not open.

POTATOES — Irish potatoes, 80@85c. per bu. Sweet potatoes, yams, 85@90c. per bu.

BEEF—Native dressed, 7@9c.; good sales.

PORK—Small, 8@10c per lb.

SHEEP—Out of season.

WOOL—Burry, 14 to 15c.; black wool, 16 to 17c.; first-class white wool, 21c. free, 20@21c. per lb.

HIDES—Green salt, 13c.; dry flints, 17c. per lb.; good demand.

NORTH CAROLINA BACON — Old hams, 20c.; sides and shoulders, 15c. lb.; very dull; no sales.

BEESWAX—Firm, 25c. per lb.; dull.

POULTRY — Chickens, grown, 40@45c. Spring, 15@30c. per head; very dull. Turkeys, 15c.; very dull.

EGGS—18c.. per doz.; very dull.

WILMINGTON PEANUT MARKET.

(Quoted by J. S. Funchess & Co.)

Wilmington, March 20.—North Carolina Peanuts—Market, firm; new crop, fancy hand-picked, 85c; No. 1, machine picked, 75c. per bu.

Virginia Peanuts—Steady; Jumboes, 75c.; fancy hand picked, 66c.; No. 1, machine picked, 60c. per bushel.

Spanish Peanuts—Steady; No. 1 small, machine picked, 85c; Jumbos, 75c. per bu. Receipts light.

PETERSBURG PEANUT MARKET.

(Reported by Rodgers, Plummer & Co., Inc.)

Petersburg, Va., March 15. — Spanish —Farmers' stock, market quiet, 80c. per bu.

Virginias — Farmers' stock, market, steady. Fancy Jumbo, 3¾c. per lb.; Fancy Hand-Picked, 3½c. per lb.; Extra Prime, 3 c. per lb.; Shelling Stock, 2¼c. to 2¾c.

SAVANNAH NAVAL STORES.

Savannah, March 22. — Turpentine, firm, 42; sales, 59; receipts, 76; shipments, 63; stock, 29,728.

Rosin — Firm. Sales, 137; receipts, 223; shipments, 5.83; stock, 111,417.

Quote: A, B, 2.90@3.05; C, D, E, F, G, H, 3.05; I, 3.10; K, 3.30; M, 4.00; N, 5.00; W G, 5.50; W W, 5.55.

NEW YORK PRODUCE MARKET.

New York, March 22. — Sugar—Raw, firm; centrifugal, 4.83; molasses, 4.06; refined, steady.

Butter—Steady.

Cheese—Irregular. Spot, quiet; spot Rio, No. 7, 8c.; Santos, No. 4, 10@10½c.

STOCK MARKET ACTIVE

But Movement Was of Secondary Importance to Other Interesting Developments.

New York, March 22. — Aside from further open manipulation in the specialties, today's active stock market movement was of secondary importance to other interesting developments, particularly renewed unsettlement in foreign exchange. Demand sterling fell to 4.87¾, the lowest price for this form of remittance to London in a generation, while cables and checks on Paris rose to the highest points since the wars outbreak. Bethlehem Steel rose again. It was the market leader at the outset, making a gain of 1⅛ over its record price of 72.

Specialties, including Motor and allied, Metas, Local Tractions, and numerous semi-active issues, rose from 2 to 7 points for no especial cause. Speculative leaders were at all times backward, while Reading suffered from a recurrence of last week's selling pressure. The February record of American exports was a factor of encouragement. London's markets were firm, with a better demand for high grade foreign investment issues. Total sales of all stocks, 370,000 shares. Bonds moved irregularly. Total sales, par value, $1,750,000.

NEW YORK STOCK LIST.

Amalgamated Copper	58
American Agricultural, ex. div.	B. 48
American Can	29½
American Car and Foundry	42
American Cities, pfd	48⅛
American Cotton Oil	46
American Smelting	65⅞
American Snuff	155
American Sugar	19¾
American Tel. and Tel	120⅝
American Tobacco	224¾
Atchison	96
Atlantic Coast Line	B.100
Baltimore and Ohio	67⅛
Canadian Pacific	159½
Central Leather	34⅝
Chesapeake and Ohio	41¼
Chicago, Mil. and St. Paul	87⅛
Erie	22⅝
General Electric	140
Great Northern, pfd	116⅝
Illinois Central	B.104
Interborough-Met., pfd	60
Kansas City Southern	21¾
Lehigh Valley	136⅝
Louisville and Nashville	113
Liggett and Myers	210
Lorillard Co	B.165
Missouri, Kansas and Texas	10¾
Missouri Pacific	10¾
Mex. Petroleum	71⅝
New York Central	83¾
N. Y., N. H. and Hartford	53¾
Norfolk and Western	101½
Northern Pacific	103¼
Pennsylvania	105⅛
Reading	143¾
Rep. Iron and Steel	20¼
Rep. Iron and Steel, pfd	76½
Rock Island Co	B. ½
Rock Island Co., pfd	1
St. L. and San Fran., 2nd pfd	4⅛
Seaboard Air Line	14
Seaboard Air Line, pfd	34
Sloss-Sheffield Steel and Iron	26
Southern Pacific	83¼
Southern Railway	15¼
Southern Railway, pfd	49
Tennessee Copper	29⅞
Texas Co	133
Texas and Pacific	14
Union Pacific	120⅝
United States Steel	45⅝
United States Steel, pfd	105
Utah Copper	55¼
Virginia-Caro. Chem	20
Western Union	64
Bethlehem Steel	72
American Beet Sugar	43¾

COTTON SEED OIL.

New York, March 22. — Cotton seed oil declined 4 to 8 points early today, under liquidation for western account, precipitated by the pronounced weakness in lard, but later rallied slightly on short covering and Southern buying, on the advance in cotton. Final prices were 1 to 5 points net lower. Sales, 16,700.

The market closed steady. Spot, 6.60@6.75; March, 6.55@6.65; April, 6.58@6.65; May, 6.67@6.69; June, 6.78@6.79; July, 6.92@6.93; August, 7.03@7.05; September, 7.15@7.17; October, 7.05@7.10.

CHICAGO LIVE STOCK MARKET.

Chicago, March 22. — Hogs — Unsettled; lower. Bulk of sales, 6.75@6.80; light, 6.60@6.85; mixed, 6.60@6.91; heavy, 6.35@6.85; rough, 6.35@6.50; pigs, 6.55@6.60.

Cattle—Firm. Native steers, 5.80@8.75; cows and heifers, 3.00@7.75; calves, 7.00@10.50.

Sheep — Slow. Sheep, 7.10@8.15; yearlings, 7.85@9.15; lambs, 7.60@10.00; springs, 15.00.

Liverpool, March 22.—The cotton exchange here will be closed April 2, 4 and 5, Easter holidays.

NOTICE

Atlantic Coast Line Railroad Company Auction Sale of Unclaimed and Refused Freight.

Wilmington, N. C., Feb. 17th, 1915.

By direction of the Freight Claim Agent, notice is hereby given that the following listed freight will be sold at public auction for freight and other charges at the A. C. L. Freight Warehouse in Wilmington, N. C., on Thursday, March 25th, 1915.

Goods sold without guarantee of quantity, quality or value. Sale will commence at 11 o'clock A. M.

Terms—Spot Cash.

J. A. HUSKE, R. A., A. C. L.,
Fayetteville, N. C.

1 Carload Cross Ties (A. C. L. 18371). From G. S. Ellis, consigned to G. T. & W. J. Flynn, Wilmington, N. C.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.

Having qualified as Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Agnes L. Springer, deceased, I hereby notify all persons having claims against said Testatrix to present the same to me for payment on or before March 2nd, 1916, or this notice will be pleaded in bar of their recovery.

Dated this March 1st, 1915.

J. A. SPRINGER,
Executor of the Last Will and Testament of Agnes L. Springer.

mh2-law-tu-6t

THE WEATHER.

United States Department of Agriculture—Weather Bureau.

March 23, 1915.

Meteorological data for the 24 hours ending at 8 P. M., yesterday:

Temperature at 8 A. M., 41 degrees; at 8 P. M., 42 degrees; maximum, 49 degrees; minimum, 40 degrees; mean, 44 degrees.

Rainfall for the day, .00; rainfall for the month to date 1.17 inches.

Stage of water in Cape Fear river, at Fayetteville, at 8 A. M., yesterday, 7.7 feet.

THE WEATHER.

For North Carolina—Fair Tuesday, and probably Wednesday.

The Port Calendar, March 23, 1915.

Sun rises .... 6:11 A. M.
Sun sets .... 6:26 P. M.
Day's length .... 12 hrs. 15 min.

THE TIDES.

	High water. A.M.	High water. P.M.	Low water. A.M.	Low water. P.M.
Wilmington	3:12	3:35	10:48	10:36
Southport	12:44	1:02	7:38	7:38
Masonboro Inl	12:33	12:51	7:14	7:18

WEATHER BUREAU REPORTS.

March 23, 1915.

STATIONS:	Weather at 8 P. M.	Temperature: Highest today.	Temperature: Lowest Last night.	Precipitation at 8 P. M.
Abilene	clear	66	30	.0
Asheville	snow	32	20	.34
Atlanta	clear	40	24	.0
Augusta	clear	48	34	.0
Birmingh	clear	44	28	.0
Boston	cldy	42	34	.0
Charleston	clear	50	40	.0
Charlotte	clear	44	32	.0
Chicago	cldy	40	32	.0
Galveston	clear	56	38	.0
Jacksonv	pt cldy	54	44	.0
Memphis	cldy	40	28	.0
Mobile	clear	50	32	.0
Montgom'y	clear	46	30	.0
New Orl.	clear	52	36	.0
New York	cldy	48	32	.0
Oklahoma	cldy	40	28	.04
Palestine	cldy	58	28	.04
Pittsburg	snow	36	30	.02
Raleigh	clear	46	36	.01
Savannah	clear	50	40	.0
Shreveport	rain	52	30	.0
St. Louis	snow	38	28	.0
Washing'n	cldy	44	32	.0

Washington, March 22.—The Virginia law requiring peddlers in the state to obtain state licenses, was held in a Supreme Court decision today to be inapplicable to the traveling salesmen of a Syracuse, N. Y., portrait company. The court held the Syracuse company's entire business was interstate commerce.

EASTER

is nearly here. Get your Easter Egg Dyes early. Don't wait until the last moment. We have just received a fresh supply direct from the manufacturers.

Belle Mead Sweets—the finest candies on the market, barring none. Commended by the Massachusetts Pure Food experts, as being the purest and best on the market.

Give us your Easter order NOW. Fresh by express, 80c. and $1.00 the pound.

Crushed Violet and Crushed Carnation Talcs, the Best on the market, 35c. the can.

La Val Wistaria Talc—Better than Mennen's; La Val Violet Talc, 25c. the box; Johnson & Johnson's Baby Talc; Mary Garden Talc, and many others.

Bunting's Violet Borated Talc, 25c. the pound.

J. HICKS BUNTING DRUG COMPANY

The ONLY QUALITY Drug Store in Wilmington.

Atlantic Coast Line

"The Standard Railroad of the South"

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Fares.

—from—

WILMINGTON

MEMPHIS, TENN $29.55
On sale April 10, 11 and 12th, limited returning April 24th.

WASHINGTON, D. C. $12.55
On sale April 15, 16 and 17th, limited returning May 8th.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN $18.20
On sale April 25, 26 and 27th, limited returning May 8th.

HOUSTON, TEX $41.25
On sale May 6th to 11th, inclusive, limited, returning May 31st.

RICHMOND, VA. $5.50
On sale May 29th to June 2nd, inclusive, limited returning June 10th.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA $24.50
On sale June 7, 8 and 9, limited returning June 17th.

For schedules, reservations and any further information, call 'phone 160, or apply to C. M. ACKER, Ticket Agent of the

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

W. J. CRAIG, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
T. C. WHITE, Gen. Pass. Agt.

TO CHICAGO
ON THE CAROLINA SPECIAL
THROUGH SLEEPING CAR DAILY
VIA
SOUTHERN RAILWAY
Premier Carrier of the South
QUEEN AND CRESCENT ROUTE AND BIG FOUR ROUTE

Southern Railway is now operating through sleeping cars daily on the Carolina Special between Charleston, S. C., and Chicago, Ill., affording excellent connections from and for Eastern North Carolina Points, Goldsboro, Raleigh, Durham, Greensboro and intermediate points, through ASHEVILLE AND THE LAND OF THE SKY.

For Pullman sleeping car reservations, schedules and detailed information, ask any Southern Railway Agent, or write,

O. F. YORK,
Traveling Passenger Agent.
Raleigh, N. C.

J. L. BECTON
CIVIL ENGINEER
27-28 I. O. O. F. Bldg.,
N. W. Cor. 3rd and Princess.
WILMINGTON, N. C.
'Phone 1494-W. P. O. Box 591.

NOTICE OF SPECIAL ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that pursuant to the provisions of an Act of the General Assembly of North Carolina, passed at its session for the year A. D. 1915, entitled "An Act to Charter the City of Wilmington," and a resolution duly passed by the City Council of the City of Wilmington, and by the City Board of Elections for said City, adopted on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1915, a special election is hereby called and ordered to be held in the City of Wilmington and in the territory described in said Act, on Tuesday, the 30th day of March, A. D. 1915, for the purpose of submitting to the qualified voters of the City of Wilmington and in the territory described in said Act, the question of the ratification of said Act by the voters of said City, and the territory covered in said Act, as, and for, the charter of the City of Wilmington, at which said election those favoring the adoption of said Act as the charter of the City of Wilmington shall vote a written or printed ballot containing the words "For Charter," and those opposed to the adoption of said Act shall vote a written or printed ballot containing the words "Against Charter;" and that an entire new registration has been ordered for said election, and the registration books for the registration of electors, desiring to vote in said election shall be opened on Tuesday, the 9th day of March, A. D. 1915, and shall continue to be kept open up to and including the second Saturday preceding said election, Sundays excepted; and that the books will be kept open for the registration of electors residing in the various precincts, from 9 o'clock A. M. until 5 o'clock P. M., on each registration day except Saturdays, on which days the said registration books shall be kept open for registration until 9 o'clock P. M., on said day; and only those electors registering as required by law will be allowed to vote in said election.

That there have been established only six election precincts in the territory covered by said Act, namely: One precinct for each ward: The First Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the First Ward; The Second Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Second Ward; The Third Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Third Ward; The Fourth Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Fourth Ward; The Fifth Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Fifth Ward; The Sixth Ward precinct, covering the territory described in said Act as the Sixth Ward.

That the following named polling places, registrars and judges of elections have been named and designated for the purpose of holding and conducting said election, to-wit:

First Ward Precinct:

Polling Place—Engine House, 4th and Campbell streets.

Registrar—W. McD. Evans.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election—W. H. Howe, Willie Kerr.

Second Ward Precinct:

Polling Place—Court House of New Hanover County, in basement at northwestern corner of said building.

Registrar—W. W. Hodges.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election—E. H. Munson, C. H. Ward.

Third Ward Precinct:

Polling Place—Giblem Lodge, Eighth and Princess streets.

Registrar—J. R. Davis.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election—Sam Wood, Norcum Hewlett.

Fourth Ward Precinct:

Polling Place — McClellan's Stables, No. 116 Dock street.

Registrar—F. W. Peiffer.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election—W. A. Spooner, J. O. Reilly.

Fifth Ward Precinct.

Polling Place—New Engine House, Fifth and Castle streets.

Registrar—R. H. Orrell.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election—Ike Burriss, W. W. Sellers.

Sixth Ward Precinct:

Polling Place—Mann's Store, Seventeenth and Market streets.

Registrar—J. F. Mann.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election—J. H. Womble, J. D. Edwards.

The polls will be opened on the day of election at 8 o'clock A. M., and remain open until sunset of said day, and no longer.

Each registrar will keep the registration books open for the registration of electors residing in the respective precincts, between the hours of 9 A. M. and 5o'clock P. M., beginning Tuesday, March 9th, up to and including the second Saturday preceding said election, Sunday excepted, except on Saturdays, when the said registration books shall be kept open from 9 o'clock A. M. until 9 o'clock P. M. No registration will be allowed on election day except to such persons as shall give satisfactory evidence to the registrar and the judges of election that he has become of the age of twenty-one years, or otherwise has become qualified to register and vote since the registration books closed. On the second Saturday before the election, the registration books will also be open at the polling places in the voting precincts for the inspection of the electors of the precinct, and to enable challenges to be made of the right of any person to vote in said election whose name appears thereon, and if any person is objected to, notice will be given him and a hearing granted as provided by law.

The registras and judges of said election have been notified of their appointment and of the polling places, and required to take the oath prescribed by law, and will be furnished with the necessary books and ballots for conducting said election, and all vacancies occurring among registrars and judges of election will be filled and the returns from said election will be received as required by law.

If a majority of the electors voting in said election shall vote for "For Charter," the said Act will then become the charter of the City of Wilmington, but if a majority of the votes cast in said election shall be cast "Against Charter," the said Act will not then become the charter of the City of Wilmington.

By order of the City Council and City Board of Elections.

THOMAS D. MEARES,
City Clerk and Treasurer of the City of Wilmington.

mh8 to mh28

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

The Progressive Railway of the South

Bulletin of Special Round Trip Rates, in Effect From Wilmington.

SPARTANBURG, S. C. $8.25
On sale April 11th to 16th, inclusive; limited returning Midnight, April 18th.

MEMPHIS, TENN. $29.55
On sale April 10, 11 and 12th; limited returning midnight, April 24th.

WASHINGTON, D. C. $12.55
On sale April 15, 16 and 17th; limited returning midnight, May 8th.

CHATTANOOGA, TENN. $18.20
On sale April 25, 26 and 27th; limited returning, midnight, May 8th.

HOUSTON, TEXAS $41.25
On sale May 6 to 11th, limited returning midnight, May 31st.

RICHMOND, VA. $5.50
On sale May 29 to June 2nd; limited returning Midnight, June 10th; STOP-OVERS at any point. Limit extended on tickets until Midnight, June 30th, upon payment of fifty cents.

BIRMINGHAM, ALA. $24.50
On sale June 7, 8 and 9th; limited returning, midnight, June 17th.

For tickets, Pullman reservations, or any information, call 'phone 178, or apply to Agent.

H. E. PLEASANTS,
T. P. A., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST,
D. P. A., Raleigh, N. C.

Dr. C. L. Pridgen

General Practice.

DISEASES OF STOMACH AND INTESTINES A SPECIALTY.

508 Market St. 'Phone 2085

OFFICE HOURS:

9—11 A. M. 2:30—4:30 P. M.

Read Star Business Locals.

SUBURBAN SCHEDULE

In Effect October 12, 1914.

WINTER PARK, WRIGHTSVILLE, WRIGHTSVILLE BEACH AND INTERMEDIATE POINTS.

EASTBOUND

Leave Front and Princess for Winter Park	Leave Front and Princess for Wrightsville	Leave Front and Princess for Beach
......	......	......
a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.	a6:30 A. M.
......	......	......
6:50 A.M.	6:50 A. M.	b6:55 A. M.
a8:00 A. M.	a8:00 A. M.	......
8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.	8:30 A. M.
......	......	......
10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.	10:00 A. M.
11:30 A. M.	11:30 A. M.	11:20 A. M.
1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.	1:10 P. M.
c1:55 P. M.	c1:55 P. M.	......
cd2:35 P. M.	......	......
3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.	3:00 P. M.
3:30 P. M.	......	......
c4:10 P. M.	......	......
4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.	4:30 P. M.
c4:50 P. M.	......	......
5:30 P. M.	5:30 P. M.	......
6:10 P. M.	6:10 P. M.	......
6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	6:40 P. M.
7:15 P. M.	7:15 P. M.	......
8:15 P. M.	8:15 P. M.	......
9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.	9:15 P. M.
10:15 P. M.	10:15 P. M.	......
11:15 P.M.	11:15 P.M.	......

WEST BOUND

Leave Winter Park for Wilmington	Leave Wrightsville for Wilmington	Leave for Wilmington
a6:21 A. M.	a6:15 A. M.	......
a7:31 A. M.	7:20 A. M.	......
b7:56 A. M.	b7:45 A. M.	b7:35 A. M.
a8:01 A. M.	a7:50 A. M.	a7:40 A. M.
a8:41 A. M.	a8:30 A. M.	......
9:36 A. M.	9:25 A. M.	9:15 A. M.
b10:31A.M.	b10:20 A. M.	......
11:06 A. M.	11:55 A. M.	10:45 A. M.
12:36 P. M.	12:25 P. M.	12:15 P. M.
2:01 P. M.	1:50 P. M.	e1:45 P. M.
c2:36 P. M.	c2:25 P. M.	......
cd3:06P.M.	......	......
c3:50 P. M.	......	......
4:06 P. M.	3:55 P. M.	3:45 P. M.
c4:50 P. M.	......	......
c5:10 P. M.	......	......
5:36 P. M.	5:25 P. M.	5:15 P. M.
6:21 P.M.	6:10 P. M.	e6:05 P. M.
6:51 P. M.	6:40 P. M.	......
7:33 P. M.	7:22 P. M.	e7:15 P. M.
8:06 P. M.	7:55 P. M.	......
8:56 P. M.	8:45 P. M.	......
10:21 P. M.	10:10 P. M.	10:00 P. M.
10:56 P. M.	10:45 P. M.	......
11:56 P. M.	11:45 P. M.	......

SPECIAL FOR SUNDAYS.

Leave Front and Princess streets every half hour from 2:00 to 5:00 P. M.

Leave Beach every half hour from 2:45 to 5:45 P. M.

a—Daily, except Sundays.
b—Sundays Only.
c—Superceded by half hour cars Sunday afternoons.
d—Goes through to Seagate; returning leaves Seagate at 3:00 P. M.
e—Leaves from Station No. 3.

FREIGHT SCHEDULE.

(Daily, except Sundays.)

Leave Ninth and Orange streets, 3:30 P. M.
Freight Depot open from 2:30 to 3:30 P. M.

ATLANTIC COAST LINE

Arrivals and Departures of Trains at Wilmington. Effective Feb. 18, 1915.

Time Not Guaranteed.

DEPARTURES:	TO AND FROM	ARRIVALS:
No. 90. 3:40 A.M. Monday morning only.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Eastern North Carolina points. Connects at Goldsboro with Southern Railway and Norfolk Southern Railroad.	No. 91. 1:15 A.M. Sunday morning (Saturday night) only.
No. 51. * 5:25 A.M.	Chadbourn, Conway, Florence Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa, Ft. Myers, Columbia and Asheville. Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Columbia, open to receive passengers at Wilmington at and after 10:00 P. M. and may be occupied until 7:00 A. M.	No. 50. *12:45 A.M.
No. 64. †5:15 A.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 65. ‡ 6:15 P.M.
No. 48. 7:40 A.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk and Washington, connecting at Rocky Mount with New York trains with Pullman Service.	No. 49. * 6:05 P.M.
No. 53. * 5:45 A.M.	Solid train between Wilmington and Mt. Airy, via Fayetteville and Sanford.	No. 52. * 8:05 P.M.
No. 62. * 3:25 P.M.	Jacksonville, Newbern and Intermediate stations.	No. 63. *12:50 P.M.
No. 55. * 3:45 P.M.	Chadbourn, Florence, Augusta, Atlanta and the West. Charleston, Savannah and all Florida Points. Columbia, Asheville and the West. All Steel Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington, Augusta and Atlanta, and between Florence and Columbia.	No. 54. *12:50 P.M.
No. 59. † 6:30 P.M.	Fayetteville and Intermediate stations.	No. 60. †10:15 A.M.
No. 42. * 6:45 P.M.	Goldsboro, Richmond, Norfolk, Washington and New York. Pullman Broiler, Buffet Sleeping Cars, between Wilmington and Washington, connecting with New York trains; also Pullman Sleeping Cars between Wilmington and Norfolk.	No. 41. * 9:50 A.M.

* Daily. † Daily except Sunday. ‡ Tuesdays, Thursday and Saturdays.

For folders, reservations, rates of fares, etc., call 'phone 160.

W. J. CRAIG, Passenger Traffic Manager.
T. C. WHITE, General Passenger Agent.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

SEABOARD AIR LINE RAILWAY

EFECTIVE JANUARY 3rd, 1915.

Trains Leave Wilmington Daily as Follows:

No. 13—4:30 P. M.—For Local stations—Lumberton, Maxton, Laurinburg, Charlotte and Intermediate Points, connecting at Hamlet for Richmond, Washington, New York, Atlanta, Jacksonville, and All Points North and South.

Through Pullman Parlor Car Service Between Wilmington and Charlotte.

No. 19—5:00 A. M.—Local train for Charlotte. Sleeper open at 10:00 P. M.

For detail information and reservations, call on City Ticket Office, Orton Hotel, Wilmington, N. C. 'Phone 178.

E. E. HUNTER, Div. Fr't Ag't., Wilmington, N. C.
JOHN T. WEST, Div. Pass. Ag't., Raleigh, N. C.

N&W RY. Norfolk & Western

Quickest and Best Line West and Northwest.

Block System. Rock Ballast. 85-lb Rails.

Schedule in Effect Nov. 22, 1914.

Lv.Norfolk	8:30a.m.	8:00p.m.
Lv.Petersburg	11:00a.m.	10:40p.m.
Lv.Durham	7:00a.m.	5:30p.m.
Lv.Lynchburg	2:45p.m.	2:30a.m.
Ar.Cincinnati	7:20a.m.	6:20a.m.
Ar.Columbus	6:45a.m.	7:00p.m.
Ar.Chicago	5:00p.m.	8:00a.m.
Ar.St. Louis	6:32p.m.	8:30a.m.

Close connections made for Seattle, San Francisco and All Western Points.

Pullman sleeping and parlor cars N. and W. Cafe dining cars. Equipment and service standard of excellence. Blue Ridge and Allegheny mountains crossed at most picturesque parts.

Time tables, descriptive literature and information free. Correspondence invited.

W. B. BEVILL, Pass. Traf. Mgr.
W. C. SAUNDERS, G. P. A., Roanoke, Va.
C. H. BOSLEY, D. P. A., Richmond, Va.

JAMES B. LYNCH
ARCHITECT
60-61 Trust Building Phone 885
WILMINGTON, N. C.

CLYDE LINE
TO NEW YORK
AND
GEORGETOWN, S. C.

New York to Wilmington.
Steamship Seminole, Fri., March 19th.
Steamship Cherokee, Fri., March 26th.
Wilmington to Georgetown.
Steamship Seminole, Mon., March 22nd
Steamship Cherokee, Mon., March 29th
Wilmington to New York.
Steamship Cherokee, Sat., March 20th.
Steamship Seminole, Sat., March 27th.
Both Steamers Carry Passengers.
Equipped With Wireless.

Through bills of lading and lowest through rates to and from points in North and South Carolina.

CLYDE STEAMSHIP CO.
C. J. BECKER, Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
H. G. SMALLBONES,
Commercial Agent,
Wilmington, N. C.
General Offices: Pier 36, N. R., New York.

BALTIMORE & CAROLINA STEAMSHIP COMPANY
Between
Baltimore, Wilmington, Georgetown and Charleston, S. C.

Ships sailing from Baltimore every Friday afternoon 3 o'clock, arriving in Wilmington, Sunday afternoon. Low through rates. All information furnished upon application.

J. L. DOTEN, Agent.
Office and Piers, foot Grace street.
Phone 482.
HENRY WILLIAMS, JR.
General Freight Agent,
Baltimore, Md.

BURETT H. STEPHENS
ARCHITECT
38-39 GARRELL BUILDING.
WILMINGTON, N. C.

Read Star Business Locals.

HAMBURG LINER IS DETAINED BY GUNS

While U. S. Officials Decide Whether to Prosecute.

HELD AT SAN JUAN, P. R.

Odenwald, With Coal and Supplies, Stopped by U. S. Authorities, Attempting to Leave Without Clearance.

Washington, March 22.—While the guns of Morro Castle detain the Hamburg-American liner Odenwald in the harbor of San Juan, P. R., officials of the United States government are considering the question whether the steamer's captain shall be prosecuted for attempting to leave San Juan Sunday without clearance papers.

Lieutenant Colonel Burnham, commanding the Porto Rican regiment, cabled the War Department today that it had been necessary to fire shots across the Odenwald's bow to keep her from putting to sea Sunday, although on Friday h ehad warned the captain that he would be fired on if he started out of the harbor without being cleared.

Slearance had been withheld on account of what the customs officials considered suspicious circumstances. The ship, it is understood, has no other cargo than coal and supplies.

"Under a joint resolution passed by the last Congress, the President is authorized to direct collector of customs to withhold clearance from any vessel which he has reasonable cause to believe to be about to carry fuel, arms, ammunition, men or supplies to any warship, tender or supply ship of a belligerent nation. The resolution further provides that in case any such vessels depart or attempt to depart fro mthe jurisdiction of the United States without clearance for the purposes set forth they shall be forfeited to the United States and the "owner or master or persons or persons having charge or command, shall be liable to fine or imprisonment."

It became known today that the Treasury Department has had its attention called to the Hamburg-American liner Saxonia, now laid up at Winslow, Washington, with a cargo of grain loaded at Port-Oregon, last July for Hamburg. Recent activities aboard the vessel have caused officials to take steps to assure that she will not put to sea again without inspection and clearance.

American Steamers Stopped.

New York, March 22.—Two steamers leaving New York harbor were stopped today by shots across their bows, fired by the dispatch boat Dolphin, stationed in the harbor to guard American neutrality. Both ships later were allowed to proceed.

The American steamer Santa Clara was halted by a shot when she failed to stop at signals. The American steamer Newton was stopepd because she faile dto display signals despite whistle warnings by the Dolphin.

Neutrality officers from the naval tug Narkee boarded the Newton and ordered Captain Abbot to hoist his signals.

AUSTRIAN FORTRESS OF PRZEMYSL HAS SURRENDERED TO RUSSIA

(Continued from Page One.)

siderable number of thousands from that total.

The besieging army is understood to number about 120,000 officers and men.

HAD EATEN ALL HORSES.

Condition of Semi-Famine in Garrison for Some Time—Mutiny.

Lemberg, Galicia, March 22, via London.—Austrian prisoners from Przemysl, captured shortly before the garrison surrendered, say the fortress for a long time was in a condition of semi-famine, lacking bread and other foods.

Except for the horses of the Austrian officers, no animal, they say, was visible in the town, all having been killed to feed the soldiers who recently had little to eat except concerves which led to much typhoid and other sickness. Conditions were such, the prisoners add, that they almost led to a mutiny of the troops, who urged that the city be surrendered.

The siege of Przemysl, an Austrian stronghold in the province of Galicia, began in the early days of the war. It has been a bitter and relentless siege.

With the fall of this city the only important fortified town in Galicia which still is in Austrian hands is Cracow in Northwest Galicia, close to the German border.

Early in the war the Russian offensive campaign as outlined unofficially contemplated invasion of Germany through East Prussia on the north and Silesia by way of Galicia on the south. The Russians succeeded in penetrating Galicia, but the Austrians, by holding Przemysl and Cracow, blocked attempts to cross the Silesian border.

Most Picturesque.

The siege of Przemysl has been one of the most picturesque phases of the war in the East. The Austrian garrison defended the city with determination and vigor and during the earlier months inflicted considerable losses on the Russians by frequent sorties.

The only means of communication with the outside world was by wireless telegraphy and aeroplanes.

Although there have been several reports recently that the surrender of Przemysl was imminent, news from the city itself described conditions there as nearly normal except for the regulations imposed by the military authorities. All supplies of food were taken over by the army officials, who issued rations to soldiers and civilians alike.

Przemysl was well stocked with ammunition and provisions when the siege began, but there have been indications recently that hunger was an effective ally of the Russians. It was reported aeroplanes were making daily flights to Przemysl with cargoes of provisions. Last week the Russians brought down an aeroplane said to have been laden with tinned beef for Przemysl.

Przemysl has been described as the key to the Austrian empire. Russian commentaries have predicted that its occupation would facilitate operations against Austrian interior hitherto attended only by insignificant results. Beyond Przemysl lies a great and prospectous wheat crop.

City of About 50,000.

The city is 60 miles west of Lemburg, which the Russians captured several months ago. It is a thriving city of about 50,000, the majority of whom are Poles. It is on the San river and is the seat of a Roman Catholic bishop and a Greed Catholic uniat bishop. It was founded in the eighth century and in the 17th century it was invaded by Tartars, Cossacks and Swedes, and virtually destroyed. It soon was rebuilt, and became an important commercial and military center.

The city was defended strongly by outer and inner forts well equipped with modern artillery.

ANNOUNCED FROM VIENNA.

Commander Ordered to Leave Fortress to Enemy—Food Too Scarce.

Vienna, via Amsterdam to London, March 22.—The following official communication has been issued here:

"After four months investment Pryzmsl has honorably fallen. The commander had received an order to leave the fortress to the enemy in three days, because at the moment of the attack, even with the greatest economy in the food rations, resistence could be maintained for three days only.

"It proved possible to effect the timely destruction of the fortress together with its guns and ammunition as well as the outer fortifications.

"The capitulation of the fortress, with which possibility the higher command had reckoned for a long time past, has had no influence upon the general situation."

Although the foregoing official communication announced that Przemysl capitulated "after four months investment," data covering the fighting there seems to indicate clearly that the investment began about the middle of September.

SPORTS

CHAMPIONS ARE CONFIDENT

Wilmington Baseball Team Will be in Good Shape to Meet Knabe's Outfit—The Line-up.

Although the brisk March winds make it rather difficult to get much practice on the field, Manager Terry and his bunch of hitters who will meet Knabe's team from Baltimore Saturday afternoon at Sunset Park are confident that they will be able to more than hold their own against the doughty Federals. When the weather makes it impossible to get out on the field they put in good time in the gymnasium at the Y. M. C. A.

The game will be called promptly at 3 o'clock. Special car service will be put on and it is expected that there will be a large crowd to witness the initial game of the baseball season in Wilmington. The charge for admission will be 25 cents to all parts of the field including the grandstand.

Behind the bat Wilmington will have Bert Kite and "Happy" Lewis, while Green, Hamilton, Register will look after the pitching. Terry will be at first, Thompson at second and Houston on third. Bundy will be shortstop and the outfielders will be Hines, Boswell, Fillyaw and Smith.

Chief Bender and Suggs will be in the box for Baltimore. Knabe and Doolin will be familiar faces, they having been with the Philadelphia Nationals last year.

GAME WITH TERRAPINS

Baltimore Knabemen Looking Forward to Game in Wilmington.

C. Starr Matthews, staff correspondent of the Baltimore Sun, with the Baltimore Federals in their training camp at Fayetteville, N. C., writes to his paper yesterday as follows with reference to the exhibition game to be played in this city next Saturday:

"Friday will be spent in preparation for the invasion of Wilmington, N. C. A semi-professional team of that city will endeavor to hand the Diamondbacks more than mere practice. Wilmington fans turn out whenever there is a big league ball club in the town, so Saturday, no doubt, will be quite a day. An effort will be made to get back here in time to see at least a portion of the minstrel show which is booked for Fayetteville that night. The Elks are expected to give a smoker after the performance, and as several of the Terrapins are members of the lodge, they probably will put in an hour or two with the Thespians before hitting the hay."

PHILADELPHIA WOMAN WINS GOLD MEDAL AT PINEHURST

Pinehurst, N. C., March 22.—Mrs. Roland H. Barlow, Merion Cricket club, Philadelphia, with a card of 92, won the gold medal here today in the qualification round of the women's event of the annual United North and South amateur golf championship. Miss M. E. Helmer, Chicago, and Mrs. H. R. Stockton, Pianfield, N. J., were second in 96. Mrs. J. V. Hurd, (Dorothy Campbell), Pittsburgh field club, turned in a card at 98.

Match play will continue through Thursday.

Stockton, Cal., March 22.—The Chicago Americans defeated Portland of the Pacific Coast League 10 to 6 here today.

Macon, Ga., March 22.—The Boston Braves defeated the Atlanta (Southern Association) team here today 5 to 3.

Charlottesville, Va., March 21.—The Washington Americans defeated the University of Virginia today 5 to 1.

Waco, Texas, March 22.—The Cleveland Americans defeated the Waco (Texas) League team here today 8 to 2.

WILL MAKE ANNOUNCEMENT WITHIN NEXT THREE WEEKS

A. W. McLean Will Enter Race for Governor, it is Believed.

(Special Star Telegram.)

Raleigh, N. C., March 22.—Hon. A. W. McLean, of Lumberton, here to argue appeals in the Supreme court, said tonight that he will within the next three weeks make formal announcement as to candidacy for Governor in the next campaign.

It is generally understood that he will be in the race along with Lieut. Gov. Daughtridge, Attorney General Dickett and possibly others.

Montpelier, Vt., March 22.—The legislature today passed an act providing for eugenic marriages. A fine of $500 is fixed for any persons who weds without fulfilling the requirements of the law, which is aimed to prevent the marriage of those pronounced physically or mentally unfit.

BERLIN IS ASKED FOR EXPLANATION

As to Why German Submarine Seized Two Dutch Steamers.

TELEGRAM FROM HAGUE

Were Convoyed to Seebrugge and Their Cargoes Confiscated—Upon Germany's Reply Will Depend Protest, is Report.

The Hague, Netherlands, March 22, via London.—The Netherlands government at noon today, after a meeting of the state council, forwarded a telegram to Berlin asking for an explanation of the proceedings of the German submarine in taking forcible possession of the Dutch steamers Batavier V and Zaanstroom, and convoying them to Zeebrugge and confiscating their cargoes. Berlin's reply, it is said, will determine whether a protest will be sent to Germany.

It is understood in semi-official circles here that all the officers of the Dutch vessels and a sufficient number of their crews to handle the ships remain on board and the hope is expressed that the steamers will be released after their cargoes have been unloaded.

It is pointed out in the same quarters that the cargoes of the Batavier V and Zaanstrom probably are composed of conditional contraband and therefore liable to seizure in the manner that the British have taken possession of similar freight believed to be consigned to Germany.

In semi-official quarters, however, it is argued that the Germans have no right to capture the vessels, but it is still uncertain whether a capture has taken place, as reports of the hauling down of the Dutch flag and the hoisting of the German colors are indefinite. This is one of the chief questions the Dutch telegram asks Berlin to explain.

It is declared authoritatively that the Belgian and French males aboard the steamers were detained by the German authorities, but that Dutch sailors and passengers were sent under an armed guard to the Belgian-Dutch frontier on a train, the blinds of which were drawn closely. The attempt to shut out the view of these people, however, did not prevent them from observing that there had been an important strengthening of the forts at Zeebrugge. The Dutch newspapers are inclined to view the affair seriously and comment at length on what they claim is the arbitrariness of the German action.

A parliamentary paper containing all the documents with reference to the British Order in Council, the Dutch protest and the German submarine blockade of England is about to be published.

PLANNING FOR 1915 INCOME TAX COLLECTING CAMPAIGN

Osborne and McAdoo Decide on Partial Reorganization of Forces.

Washington, March 22.—Secretary McAdoo and Internal Revenue Commissioner Osborne have decided on partial reorganization of their investigation forces in planning for the 1915 income tax collecting campaign. Some 20 special agents appointed last year have received suggestions that they resign to make way for trained accountants, fitted to handle the books of corporations subject to the tax.

A number of these agents already have resigned, but it is said there have been objections to the department's action by members of Congress who recommended the appointments.

Officials are still at sea as to how much to expect under the tax law for the fiscal year 1915. Secretary MsAdoo has figured upon $80,000,000. Upon an accurate estimate which may be made late in May probably will depend the secretary's decision on whether an issue of Panama canal bonds will be necessary to see the prospective treasury deficit.

Washington, March 22.—The Federal Reserve Board adopted resolutions expressing its sympathy with efforts to have legislation passed in various states to remove obstacles in the way of the entrance of state banks into the Federal Reserve System and to eliminate restriction in the way of the exercise of the powers of trustee and executor by national banks.

Washington, March 22.—Nashville, Tenn., was designated today by the Federal Reserve Board as a reserve city for national banks. The board announced that cities must have 50,000 population combined capital and surplus in national banks of $3,000,000 and deposits of $10,000,000 to be so designated in the future.

Washington, March 22.—Leo M. Frank's case remained undecided when the Supreme Court of the United States recessed today until April 5th. During the recess the court will prepare opinions on cases pending and the date of re-assembling is the first on which a decision in the Frank case may be announced.

MRS. MELTON'S LETTER

To Tired Worn-out Mothers

Jackson, Miss.—"I shall feel repaid for writing this letter if I can help any tired, worn-out mother or housekeeper to find health and strength as I have.

"I have a family of five, sew, cook and do my housework and I became very much run-down in health. A friend asked me to try Vinol. I did so and now I am well and strong and my old time energy has been restored. Vinol has no superior as a tonic for worn-out, run-down, tired mothers or housekeepers."—Mrs. J. N. MELTON, Jackson, Miss.

Robert R. Bellamy, druggist, Wilmington, N. C., and at leading drug stores everywhere.

BIDS FOR UNIFORMS.

Bids for furnishing Summer Uniforms for the Police and Fire Departments will be received at the Mayor's office, Friday, April 2nd, at 12 M.

For specifications, see the Chief of Police and the Chief of the Fire Department.

W. F. JONES, Councilman.

mh23-3t

New York, March 22.—Howard Boocock, an officer in a local trust company and well known socially, shot and killed himself early tonight at his home here after shooting and killing his wife, according to a report made to the coroner. Mr. Boocock was 40 years old.

Compels All Impurities To Abandon System

Blood Troubles Can not Remain If Properly Treated.

There is in S. S. S., the famous blood purifier, a property that absolutely compels harmful influences to disintegrate and lose their identity. No matter what they are called nor how destructive they are there is in S. S. S. a powerful, searching counter influence to annihilate the most eruptive germ, causes the mucous linings to convert it into an inert substance that is quickly thrown out of the blood and out of the body by the skin, lungs, kidneys, bowels, and destroyed in the liver. There is not a single advance in medicine today that in any sense is an improvement over S. S. S. Surgery is a wonderful, masterful science, but when it comes to purifying the blood S. S. S. stands alone. Thousands of doctors have prescribed it. Their patients do not always know it is S. S. S., because they leave the treatment to the doctor implicitly. But fair-minded doctors long ago realized that in the vegetable nature of S. S. S. were certain ingredients that to the blood in sickness were just as essential as the flesh-building elements of the grains, meats, fats and sugars of our daily food. The average doctor is humane and of trained intelligence. He has seen the recoveries from worst cases of blood trouble by the use of S. S. S. Get a bottle of S. S. S. today of any druggist. Accept no substitute. And if you wish proper advice on any form of blood trouble, write to the Medical Adviser, The Swift Specific Co., 102 Swift Bldg., Atlanta, Ga. It is worth while doing so.

Business Locals

Advertisements inserted under this head, One Cent per word for each insertion, but no advertisement taken for less than 25c. Additional words more than 25, One Cent per word. Unless the advertiser has a regular account, all advertisements under this head are STRICTLY CASH IN ADVANCE. the amount being too small to warrant a charge. The Star will send without charge a Western Union Messenger to any address in the city, for advertisements in this department, upon request by 'phone to No. 51. Messengers will also call for telegrams for the Western Union Telegraph Company, or for notes or small packages to be delivered anywhere in the city. No charge for collecting the telegrams, or advertisements for the Star, but a small charge for Strictly Messenger Service. Telephone subscribers may at any time telephone their telegrams and bills will be rendered to suit the sender. daily, weekly or monthly. For this service, call "Western Union," but for advertisements always call the Star office, No. 51. Advertisements cannot be taken over the telephone—but upon request messenger will be dispatched to any part of the city for them. Contract advertising inserted "till forbid" will be discontinued only on written notice from the advertiser.

FOR SALE — ONE GOOD, LARGE farm mule. Already seasoned, ready to go to work. Apply to N. M. McEachern; 211 Market st. mh23-1t*

WANTED — TO BUY, PINE LOGS, DElivered by rail or water to Angola Lumber Company's mill. J. N. Bryant. mh23-tf

WANTED — TEAMSTER WHO OWNS his own equipment and wishes steady employment. Address "C. S. B.," care of Star. mh23-3t

FOR RENT — THREE OR FOUR UNfurnished rooms; also two unfurnished rooms. All near depot. Apply at once, P. O. Box 123. mh23-1t*

WANTED — WANT TO BORROW $300 on good security. Interest no object. Address Box 436, City. mh23-1t*

FOR RENT — TWO CONNECTING rooms, upstairs, suitable for light housekeeping; gas connections, electric lights, use of 'phone and bath. Bedroom furnished. 'Phone 1767-J. 119 Orange street. mh23-1t*

NEW WAY MARKET—SPECIAL THIS week; demonstration of Safety First coffee, prepared by Martin L. Hall Co., Boston's Perfect Coffee Roasters. W. H. McEachern, Front and Market streets. mh23-1t

FOR RENT — 3 NICE, LARGE ROOMS, with lights and bath. Good location. Near car line. Call 508 South 2nd st. mh23-3t*

ALL KINDS OF GOOD THINGS TO EAT —Cauliflower, lettuce, egg plants, celery, green cabbage. New choice Florida oranges, 25c. dozen. Fancy grape fruit, 60c. dozen. All kinds of fresh meats. Palace Market, 108 S. Front street; 'Phone No. 72. mh23-1t

WANTED — TWO OR THREE FURnished rooms, for light housekeeping, or two furnished rooms, close to good boarding house. Couple. Two children. Address "A. B. C.," care Star. mh23-1t*

WANTED — AGENT TO REPRESENT us on commission basis, for the sale of bottles to bottlers in the state of North Carolina; we require agent traveling all over State, and willing to add our agency to his other line. Apply, The Coshocton Glass Co., in Coshocton, Ohio. mh23-15t

AUTOMOBILE BARGAINS IN USED cars. The following cars have been placed with us for sale at exceptionally low prices: 1913 Maxwell Roadster, 30 horsepower, $300.00; 1912 Overland Roadster, 30 horse power, $250.00; 1912 Oakland Roadster, 30 horse power, $200.00; 1911 Maxwell Roadster, $200.00. Ford Auto. Co. mh21-2t*

WANTED — MEN TO LEARN THE Barber Trade. Positively the best trade of the kind. Can prepare you in a few weeks. Wages while learning. Open to everyone. Apply by mail. Moler Barber College, Atlanta, Ga. mh21-6t*

EXORBITANT FIRE INSURANCE rates are not charged in this city; but sometimes mistakes in rates are made, and if you want your rate investigated at no cost to you, call on Mr. Jos. D. Smith, manager of our Insurance Department. J. G. Wright & Son, Real Estate and Insurance Agents. mh21-3t

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BY ORDER OF THE PUBLISHERS — Beginning with issue dated March 7th, the price of the Hearst's Sunday American will be 5 cents per copy. Gordon Brothers; 'Phone 745. mh4-tf

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NOTICE OF PRIMARY ELECTION.

Notice is hereby given that, pursuant to the provisions of the Charter of the City of Wilmington and the law, and also in pursuance to a resolution passed by the City Council of the City of Wilmington, North Carolina, and the City Board of Elections of said City, a Primary Election has been called and ordered to be held in the City of Wilmington on Tuesday, the 20th day of April, A. D. 1915, at the various voting precincts of said city, for the nomination of Candidates for Mayor and Councilmen, or other governing body of said City, to be voted for in the general Municipal Election to be held in said City on Tuesday, the 4th day of May, A. D. 1915. That only the names of the candidates nominated in the Primary Election will be placed upon the official ballot to be voted in the General Municipal Election.

The following precincts, polling places and Registrars and Poll Holders have been established and named for the purpose of holding and conducting said election, to-wit:

First Ward—Election precinct shall include the territory described in the Charter of the City as the First Ward.

Polling Place: Engine house, 4th and Campbell streets.

Registrar: W. H. Howe.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election: Willie Kerr, J. B. Elkins.

Second Ward—Election precinct shall include the territory described in the Charter of the City as the Second Ward.

Polling Place: Court House of New Hanover County, in the basement at Northwestern Corner of said building.

Registrar: W. W. Hodges.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election: E. H. Munson and C. H. Ward.

Third Ward—Election precinct shall include the territory described in the Charter of the City as the Third Ward.

Polling Place: Giblem Lodge, 8th and Princess street.

Registrar: J. R. Davis.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election: Sam Wood and C. C. Bellamy.

Fourth Ward—Election precinct shall include the territory described in the Charter of the City as the Fourth Ward.

Polling Place: McClellan's Stables, 116 Dock street.

Registrar: W. A. Spooner.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election: J. O. Reilly and J. T. Riley.

Fifth Ward—Election precinct shall include the territory described in the Charter of the City as the Fifth Ward.

Polling Place: New Engine House, 5th and Castle streets.

Registrar: R. H. Orrell.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election: S. A. Matthews and I. N. Burriss.

Sixth Ward—Election precinct shall include the territory described in the Charter of the City as the Sixth Ward.

Polling Place: Mann's Store, 17th and Market streets.

Registrar: J. F. Mann.

Poll Holders and Judges of Election: J. H. Womble and A. M. King.

All persons who have registered in the Charter Election to be held in the City need not register again in order to be entitled to vote in said Primary Election. The Registration Books will be opened for the registration of voters in their respective election precincts as required by law; they open for the registration of voters on Friday, the 2nd day of April, 1915, and close on Saturday, the 10th of April, 1915, Sundays excepted. On Saturdays they will be kept open until 9 o'clock P. M. Saturday, the 10th of April, will be also Challenge Day.

Official ballots to be voted in said election will be provided at the polling places as required by law. In the event of a tie vote between any two opposing candidates, not otherwise settled, will be settled in a primary between such two candidates, to be held on the Friday following said Primary Election hereby called.

All electors desiring to vote in said Primary Election must be registered, and the names of the candidates will be published as required by law.

Said election will be conducted as required by law.

By order of the Board of City Elections and City Council of the City of Wilmington.

THOS. D. MEARES,
City Clerk and Treasurer.

mh21 to ap20 inc.

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For sure relief, and in most cases a permanent cure, use "Hardin's Rheumatic Remedy". The price is only 50c. and no man or woman, however badly crippled by this painful affliction, should give up hope, until they have tried this preparation. 'Phone 55, today, for a bottle.

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